

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring Avaya Aura ® Communication Manager R8.1, Avaya Aura ® Session Manager R8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R8.1 to support Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service - Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps used to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between the Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service and an Avaya SIP enabled Enterprise Solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R8.1.

The Swisscom Enterprise SIP Platform provides PSTN access via a SIP trunk connected to the Swisscom Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) network as an alternative to legacy analogue or digital trunks.

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in **Section 2.1** as well as the observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

Swisscom is a member of the DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps used to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) trunking between the Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of the following: Avaya Aura ® Communication Manager R8.1 (Communication Manager); Avaya Aura ® Session Manager R8.1 (Session Manager) and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R8.1 (Avaya SBCE).

Customers using this Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution with the Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a dedicated Internet connection and the SIP protocol. This approach generally results in lower cost for the enterprise customer.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to configure a simulated enterprise site using an Avaya SIP telephony solution consisting of Communication Manager, Session Manager and Avaya SBCE. The enterprise site was configured to connect to the Swisscom Enterprise SIP platform.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

Avaya recommends our customers implement Avaya solutions using appropriate security and encryption capabilities enabled by our products. The testing referenced in these DevConnect Application Notes included the enablement of supported encryption capabilities in the Avaya products. Readers should consult the appropriate Avaya product documentation for further information regarding security and encryption capabilities supported by those Avaya products.

Support for these security and encryption capabilities in any non-Avaya solution component is the responsibility of each individual vendor. Readers should consult the appropriate vendor-supplied product documentation for more information regarding those products.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

The interoperability test included the following:

- Incoming calls to the enterprise site from PSTN phones using the Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service, calls made to SIP and H.323 telephones at the enterprise.
- Outgoing calls from the enterprise site completed via the Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service to PSTN destinations, calls made from SIP and H.323 telephones.
- Incoming and Outgoing PSTN calls to/from Avaya one-X® Communicator and Avaya Workplace for Windows soft phones.
- Calls using the G.711A and G.729 codecs.
- Fax calls to/from a group 3 fax machine to a PSTN-connected fax machine using T.38 and T.38-G.711 fallback fax transmissions.
- DTMF transmission using RFC 2833 with successful Voice Mail/Vector navigation for inbound and outbound calls.
- User features such as hold and resume, transfer, conference, call forwarding, etc.
- Caller ID Presentation and Caller ID Restriction.
- Call coverage and call forwarding for endpoints at the enterprise site.
- Transmission and response of SIP OPTIONS messages sent by the Swisscom requiring Avaya response and sent by Avaya requiring Swisscom response.
- Routing inbound vector call to call center agent queues.

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of the sample configuration was completed with successful results for the Swisscom SIP Trunking Service with the following observations:

- During the initial SIP trunk configuration, it was observed that inbound calls from Swisscom to the Avaya enterprise were failing. Communication Manager was returning "484 Address Incomplete" response to inbound INVITES from the Swisscom SIP platform. After troubleshooting this issue, it was discovered that Swisscom were sending a Header called "Resource-Priority" in the inbound INVITE that was causing Communication Manger to return the response "484 Address Incomplete". An Adaptation in Session Manager was created to remove this specific header from all inbound INVITES from Swisscom. Once the header was removed successfully, inbound calls from the Swisscom SIP platform to the Avaya Enterprise terminated successfully. The details and configuration of this Adaptation are documented in **Section 6.4**.
- It was observed during testing that certain Call Forwarding All Calls and Call Forwarding No Answer scenarios from Communication Manager to a number of IP-PBX services hosted on the Swisscom SIP platform were failing. Multiple early dialogs were exchanged during the call forwarding set-up where Swisscom would then send "180 Ringing with 100 rel" and Communication Managers response was "180 Ringing" instead of expected "PRACK" response to Swisscom. This resulted in the Call Forwarding All Calls and Call Forwarding No Answer calls to fail. As a workaround, direct media setting "Initial IP-IP Direct Media " was set to "n" in Communication Manager SIP Signalling Group as per Section 5.5. Once Direct Media was disabled on Communication Manager, all Call Forwarding All Calls and Call Forwarding All Calls and Call Forwarding All Calls erminated successfully on the multiple IP-PBX services hosted within the Swisscom Enterprise SIP platform.
- For the compliance testing, Swisscom requested different values for the Session-Expires and Min-SE timers. Swisscom required values of 1800 for Session-Expires and 360 for Min-SE. A script was implemented on the Avaya SBCE to change the value of the Min-SE timer from 1800 to 360. The details of the Sigma Script and how to configure the script on the Avaya SBCE are outlined in **Section 7.6**.
- SIP REFER method for call redirection is not supported by Swisscom and therefore was not tested.
- No Inbound Toll-Free access available for test.
- No Emergency Services test call booked with Operator.

2.3. Support

For technical support on the Avaya products described in these Application Notes visit <u>http://support.avaya.com</u>.

For technical support on Swisscom products please contact the Swisscom support team: Email: <u>ent.incident-voice@swisscom.com</u>.

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates the test configuration. The test configuration shows an Enterprise site connected to the Swisscom SIP platform. Located at the Enterprise site is an Avaya SBCE, Session Manager and Communication Manager. Endpoints are Avaya 96x1 series IP telephones (with SIP and H.323 firmware), Avaya 16xx series IP telephones (with H.323 firmware), Avaya analogue telephones and an analogue fax machine. Also included in the test configuration was an Avaya one-X® Communicator soft phone and Avaya Workplace for Windows running on laptop PCs.

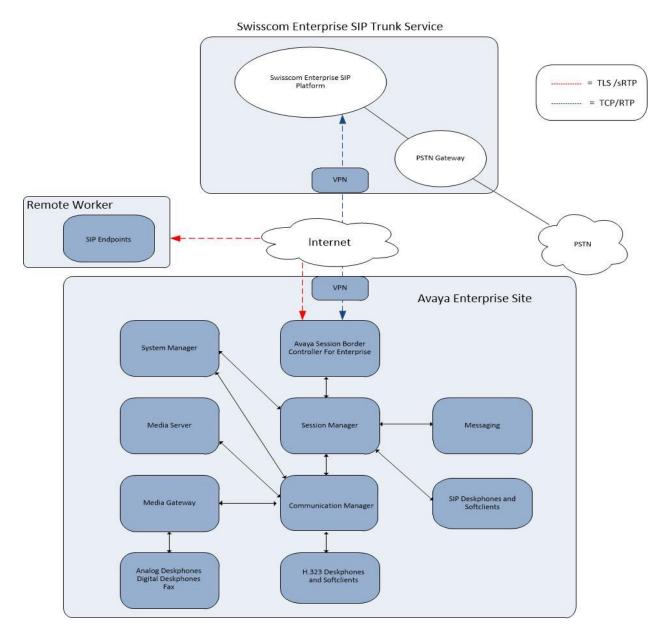


Figure 1: Test Setup Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service to Avaya Enterprise

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4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Equipment/Software	Release/Version
Avaya	·
Avaya Aura® System Manager	8.1.3.2
	Build No. – 8.1.0.0.733078
	Software Update Revision No:
	8.1.3.2.1012646 Service Pack 2
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	8.1.3.2.813207
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	8.1.3.2 - 26989
Avaya Session Border Controller for	8.1.2.0-31-19809
Enterprise	
Avaya G430 Media Gateway	41.32.2
Avaya Aura® Media Server	v.8.0.2.SP7
Avaya 1600 IP Deskphone (H.323)	1.3.12
Avaya 96x1 IP DeskPhone (H.323)	6.8.5
Avaya 9611 IP DeskPhone (SIP)	7.1.14
Avaya 9608 IP DeskPhone (SIP)	7.1.14
Avaya J179 IP Deskphone (SIP)	4.0.9.0
Avaya one–X® Communicator (H.323 &	6.2.14.13 -SP14-Patch 5
SIP)	
Avaya Workplace for Windows	3.19.0.72.19
Analogue Handset	N/A.
Analogue Fax	N/A
Swisscom Enterprise SIP	
eSBC	Cisco IOS XE Software, Version
	17.02.01r
C-SBC	Acme Packet 6300 SCZ8.3.0 MR-1 Patch
	8A (Build 366)
SESM	Genband MCP_20.0.3.0_2019-11-17-
	2346

5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the steps for configuring Communication Manager for SIP Trunking. SIP trunks are established between Communication Manager and Session Manager. These SIP trunks will carry SIP signalling associated with the Swisscom SIP Trunking Service. For incoming calls, Session Manager receives SIP messages from the Avaya SBCE and directs the incoming SIP messages to Communication Manager. Once the message arrives at Communication Manager further incoming call treatment, such as incoming digit translations and class of service restrictions may be performed. All outgoing calls to the PSTN are processed within Communication Manager and may be first subject to outbound features such as automatic route selection, digit manipulation and class of service restrictions. Once Communication Manager selects a SIP trunk, the SIP signalling is routed to Session Manager. The Session Manager directs the outbound SIP messages to the Avaya SBCE at the enterprise site that then sends the SIP messages to the Swisscom network. Communication Manager configuration was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation. The general installation of the Servers and Avaya G430 Media Gateway is presumed to have been previously completed and is not discussed here.

5.1. Confirm System Features

The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to add additional capacity. Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command and on **Page 2**, verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** supported by the system is sufficient for the combination of trunks to the Swisscom SIP Trunking Service and any other SIP trunks used.

display system-parameters customer-options		Page	2 of	12
OPTIONAL FEATURES				
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED		
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	4000	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	2400	3		
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	4000	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	2400	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	68	0		
Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	100	0		
Maximum Video Capable Stations:	2400	0		
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	2400	0		
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	4000	20		
Maximum Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports:	4000	0		
Maximum Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation:	80	0		

On Page 5, verify that IP Trunks field is set to y.

```
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                               Page
                                                                      5 of 12
                               OPTIONAL FEATURES
   Emergency Access to Attendant? y
                                                                 IP Stations? y
          Enable 'dadmin' Login? y
          Enhanced Conferencing? y
                                                          ISDN Feature Plus? n
                 Enhanced EC500? y
                                         ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection? y
   Enterprise Survivable Server? n
                                                            ISDN-BRI Trunks? y
      Enterprise Wide Licensing? n
                                                                   ISDN-PRI? y
             ESS Administration? y
                                                 Local Survivable Processor? n
         Extended Cvg/Fwd Admin? y
                                                       Malicious Call Trace? y
    External Device Alarm Admin? y
                                                   Media Encryption Over IP? y
 Five Port Networks Max Per MCC? n
                                     Mode Code for Centralized Voice Mail? n
               Flexible Billing? n
   Forced Entry of Account Codes? y
                                                   Multifrequency Signaling? y
     Global Call Classification? y
                                           Multimedia Call Handling (Basic)? y
                                        Multimedia Call Handling (Enhanced)? y
           Hospitality (Basic)? y
Hospitality (G3V3 Enhancements)? y
                                                 Multimedia IP SIP Trunking? y
                      IP Trunks? v
          IP Attendant Consoles? y
```

5.2. Administer IP Node Names

The node names defined here will be used in other configuration screens to define a SIP signalling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager. In the **IP Node Names** form, assign the node **Name** and **IP Address** for Session Manager. In this case, **Session Manager** and **10.10.3.42** are the **Name** and **IP Address** for the Session Manager SIP interface. Also note the **procr** IP address as this is the processor interface that Communication Manager will use as the SIP signalling interface to Session Manager.

```
      display node-names ip
      IP NODE NAMES

      Name
      IP Address

      AMS
      10.10.3.45

      Session_Manager
      10.10.3.42

      default
      0.0.0.0

      procr
      10.10.3.44

      procr6
      ::
```

5.3. Administer IP Network Region

Use the **change ip-network-region n** command where **n** is the chosen value of the configuration for the SIP Trunk. Set the following values:

- The **Authoritative Domain** field is configured to match the domain name configured on Session Manager. In this configuration, the domain name is **avaya.com**.
- By default, **IP-IP Direct Audio** (both **Intra** and **Inter-Region**) is enabled (**yes**) to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between endpoints without using gateway VoIP resources. When a PSTN call is shuffled or the call is set up with initial IP-IP direct media, the media stream is established directly between the enterprise end-point and the internal media interface of the Avaya SBCE.
- The **Codec Set** is set to the number of the IP codec set to be used for calls within the IP network region. In this case, codec set **1** is used.
- The rest of the fields can be left at default values.

change ip-network-region 1	Page 1 of 20
I	P NETWORK REGION
Region: 2	
Location: Authoritative	Domain: avaya.com
Name: Trunk	Stub Network Region: n
MEDIA PARAMETERS	Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
Codec Set: 1	Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
UDP Port Min: 2048	IP Audio Hairpinning? n
UDP Port Max: 3329	
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS	
Call Control PHB Value: 46	
Audio PHB Value: 46	
Video PHB Value: 26	
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS	
Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6	
Audio 802.1p Priority: 6	
Video 802.1p Priority: 5	AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS	RSVP Enabled? n
H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y	
Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20	
Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5	
Keep-Alive Count: 5	

5.4. Administer IP Codec Set

Open the IP Codec Set form for the codec set specified in the IP Network Region form in **Section 5.3** by typing **change ip-codec set n** where **n** is the chosen value of the configuration for the SIP Trunk. Enter the list of audio codec's eligible to be used in order of preference. For the interoperability test the codecs supported by Swisscom were configured, namely **G.711A** and **G.729**.

In addition to the codec's, the **Media Encryption** is defined here. For the compliance test, a value of **srtp-aescm128-hmac80** was used.

```
change ip-codec-set 1
                                                            Page
                                                                  1 of
                                                                         2
                        IP MEDIA PARAMETERS
   Codec Set: 2
   Audio
              Silence
                           Frames
                                    Packet
              Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms)
   Codec
1: G.711A
               n
                            2
                                     20
 2: G.729
                    n
                             2
                                      20
    Media Encryption
                                     Encrypted SRTCP: enforce-unenc-srtcp
1: srtp-aescm128-hmac80
 2: none
```

Swisscom SIP Trunk supports T.38 for transmission of fax. Navigate to **Page 2** and define fax properties as follows:

- Set the FAX Mode to t.38-standard.
- Leave **ECM** at default value of **y**.

```
change ip-codec-set 2
                                                                  Page
                                                                          2 of
                                                                                 2
                           IP MEDIA PARAMETERS
                               Allow Direct-IP Multimedia? n
                                              Redun-
                                                                          Packet
                                              dancy
                          Mode
                                                                           Size(ms)
   FAX
                           t.38-standard
                                               0
                                                     ECM: y
                                               0
   Modem
                           off
   TDD/TTY
                          US
                                               3
                                               0
    H.323 Clear-channel
                           n
                                               0
    SIP 64K Data
                          n
                                                                           20
```

5.5. Administer SIP Signaling Groups

This signalling group (and trunk group) will be used for inbound and outbound PSTN calls to the Swisscom SIP Trunking Service. Configure the **Signaling Group** using the **add signaling-group n** command as follows:

- Set Group Type to sip.
- Set **Transport Method** to **tls**.
- Set **Peer Detection Enabled** to **y** allowing Communication Manager to automatically detect if the peer server is a Session Manager.
- Set Near-end Node Name to the processor interface (node name procr as defined in the IP Node Names form shown in Section 5.2).
- Set **Far-end Node Name** to Session Manager interface (node name **Session_Manager** as defined in the **IP Node Names** form shown in **Section 5.2**).
- Set Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port as required. The standard value for TLS is 5061.
- Set **Far-end Network Region** to the IP Network Region configured in **Section 5.3** (logically establishes the far-end for calls using this signalling group as region 1).
- Leave **Far-end Domain** blank to allow Communication Manager to accept calls from any SIP domain on the associated trunk.
- Leave **DTMF over IP** at default value of **rtp-payload** (Enables **RFC2833** for DTMF transmission from Communication Manager).
- Set **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** to **y**.
- Set Initial IP-IP Direct Media to n as per Section 2.2.
- Set H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media to n.

The default values for the other fields may be used.

add signaling-group 1	Page 1 of 2
SIGNALING	GROUP
Group Number: 2 Group Type:	sip
IMS Enabled? n Transport Method:	tls
Q-SIP? n	
IP Video? n	Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? n
Peer Detection Enabled? y Peer Server:	SM
Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting,	/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? y
Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/A	lerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? n
Alert Incoming SIP Crisis Calls? n	
Near-end Node Name: procr	Far-end Node Name: Session Manager
Near-end Listen Port: 5061	Far-end Listen Port: 5061
Fa	ar-end Network Region: 1
Far-end Domain:	
	Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate	RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? n
DTMF over IP: rtp-payload	Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3	IP Audio Hairpinning? n
Enable Layer 3 Test? n	Initial IP-IP Direct Media? n
H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? n	Alternate Route Timer(sec): 6

5.6. Administer SIP Trunk Groups

A trunk group is associated with the signalling group described in **Section 5.5**. Configure the trunk group using the **add trunk-group n** command, where **n** is an available trunk group for the SIP Trunk. On **Page 1** of this form:

- Set the Group Type field to sip.
- Choose a descriptive Group Name.
- Specify a trunk access code (TAC) consistent with the dial plan.
- The **Direction** is set to **two-way** to allow incoming and outgoing calls.
- Set the **Service Type** field to **public-netwrk**.
- Specify the signalling group associated with this trunk group in the **Signaling Group** field as previously configured in **Section 5.5**.
- Specify the Number of Members administered for this SIP trunk group.

```
      add trunk-group 1
      Page 1 of 21

      TRUNK GROUP
      TRUNK GROUP

      Group Number: 1
      Group Type: sip
      CDR Reports: y

      Group Name: OUTSIDE CALL
      COR: 1
      TN: 1
      TAC: 101

      Direction: two-way
      Outgoing Display? n
      Outgoing Service:
      Night Service:

      Queue Length: 0
      Auth Code? n
      Member Assignment Method: auto
      Signaling Group: 1

      Number of Members: 10
      Number of Members: 10
```

On **Page 2** of the trunk-group form, the Preferred **Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec)** field should be set to a value mutually agreed with Swisscom to prevent unnecessary SIP messages during call setup. During testing, a value of **900** was used that sets Min-SE and Session-Expires to 1800 in the SIP signalling. (Refer to **Section 2.2** and **Section 7.6** regarding Session-Expires and Min-SE timer values).

```
add trunk-group 1

Group Type: sip

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Unicode Name: auto

Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 5000

SCCAN? n

Digital Loss Group: 18

Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec): 900

Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y

XOIP Treatment: auto Delay Call Setup When Accessed Via IGAR? n

Caller ID for Service Link Call to H.323 1xC: station-extension
```

On **Page 3**, set the **Numbering Format** field to **public**. This allows delivery of CLI in format of E.164 with leading "+". Also, set the **Hold/Unhold Notifications** to **n**.

```
add trunk-group 1 Page 3 of 21

TRUNK FEATURES

ACA Assignment? n Measured: none

Suppress # Outpulsing? n Numbering Format: public

UUI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Restricted Numbers? n

Replace Unavailable Numbers? n

Hold/Unhold Notifications? n

Modify Tandem Calling Number: no

Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y
```

On Page 4 of this form:

- Set Mark Users as Phone to y.
- Set Send Transferring Party Information to n.
- Set Network Call Direction to n.
- Set Send Diversion Header to y.
- Set **Support Request History** to **n**.
- Set the Telephone Event Payload Type to 101 as requested by Swisscom.
- Set Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates to y.
- Set the Identity for Calling Party Display to P-Asserted-Identity.

```
add trunk-group 2
                                                                       4 of 21
                                                                Page
                              PROTOCOL VARIATIONS
                                       Mark Users as Phone? y
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number? n
                       Send Transferring Party Information? n
                                  Network Call Redirection? n
                                     Send Diversion Header? y
                                   Support Request History? n
                              Telephone Event Payload Type: 101
                       Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? n
                 Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? y
                       Identity for Calling Party Display: P-Asserted-Identity
            Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE? n
                 Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination? n
                                             Enable Q-SIP? N
          Interworking of ISDN Clearing with In-Band Tones: keep-channel-active
                               Request URI Contents: may-have-extra-digits
```

5.7. Administer Calling Party Number Information

Use the **change public-unknown-numbering** command to configure Communication Manager to send the calling party number in the format required. These calling party numbers are sent in the SIP From, Contact and PAI headers as well as the Diversion header for forwarded calls. The numbers are displayed on display-equipped PSTN telephones with any reformatting performed in the network. The public numbering table is used for numbers in E.164 format.

char	nge public-un	known-	-numbering	J 0		Page 1 of 2
			NUMBERING	G - PUBLIC/UNK	NOWN FO	DRMAT
					Tota	L
Ext		Trk	CPN			
Len	Code	(Grp(s)	Prefix	Len	
						Fotal Administered: 4
4	6102	1	L	41413xxxxx50	11	Maximum Entries: 240
4	6010	1	L	41413xxxxx51	11	
4	6020	1	L	41413xxxxx52	11	Note: If an entry applies to
4	6104	1	L	41413xxxxx53	11	a SIP connection to Avaya
						Aura(R) Session Manager,
						the resulting number must
						be a complete E.164 number.
						Communication Manager
						automatically inserts
						a '+' digit in this case.

5.8. Administer Route Selection for Outbound Calls

In the test environment, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature was used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to the Swisscom SIP Trunking Service. The single digit **9** was used as the ARS access code providing a facility for telephone users to dial 9 to invoke ARS directly. Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure a digit as the **Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1**.

change feature-access-codes	Page	1 of	10
FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)			
Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:			
Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code:			
Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:			
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:			
Announcement Access Code: *69			
Answer Back Access Code:			
Attendant Access Code:			
Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: 7			
Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: 9 Access Co	de 2:		

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialled digits following the first digit 9. A small sample of dial patterns are shown here as an example. Further administration of ARS is beyond the scope of this document. The example entries shown will match outgoing calls to numbers beginning **0**. Note that exact maximum number lengths should be used where possible to reduce post-dial delay. Calls are sent to **Route Pattern 1**.

change ars analysis 0	7	RS DI	GIT ANALYS	SIS TAB	LE	Page 1 of 2
			Location:			Percent Full: 0
Dialed	Tot	al	Route	Call	Node	ANI
String	Min	Max	Pattern	Туре	Num	Reqd
0	11	14	1	pubu		n
00	13	15	1	pubu		n
0035391	13	13	1	pubu		n
030	10	10	1	pubu		n
0800	8	10	1	pubu		n
0900	8	8	1	pubu		n
						n

Use the **change route-pattern x** command, where **x** is an available route pattern, to add the SIP trunk group to the route pattern that ARS selects. In this configuration, route pattern **1** is used to route calls to trunk group **1**. **Numbering Format** is applied to CLI and is used to set TDM signalling parameters such as type of number and numbering plan indicator. This doesn't have the same significance in SIP calls and during testing it was set to **intl-pub**.

char	nge i	coute	e-pat	tter	n 1									Page	1 of	3	
					Patt	ern l	Number	c: 1		Pattern N	Iame	:					
							SCCAN	J? n		Secure SIP	?n						
	Grp	FRL	NPA	Pfx	Нор	Toll	No.	Inser	cted						DCS/	IXC	
	No			Mrk	Lmt	List	Del	Digit	s						QSIG	ť	
							Dgts								Intw	7	
1:	1	0													n	user	
2:															n	user	
3:															n	user	
4:															n	user	
5:															n	user	
6:															n	user	
									_								
		C VAI		TSC			ITC	BCIE	Ser	vice/Featu	ire	PARM			-	LAR	
	0 1	2 M	4 W		Requ	lest							-	Form	at		
												Sub	baddr				
1:	У У	У У	y n	n			rest	5						intl	-pub	none	
2:	У У	У У	y n	n			rest	5								none	
3:	У У	У У	y n	n			rest	5								none	
4:	У У	У У	уn	n			rest	5								none	
5:	У У	У У	y n	n			rest	5								none	
6:	УУ	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								none	

5.9. Administer Incoming Digit Translation

This step configures the settings necessary to map incoming DDI calls to the proper Communication Manager extension(s). The incoming digits sent in the INVITE message from Swisscom can be manipulated as necessary to route calls to the desired extension. In the examples used in the compliance testing, the incoming DDI numbers provided by Swisscom Enterprise SIP platform correlate to the internal extensions assigned within Communication Manager. The entries displayed below translate incoming DDI numbers +41413xxxx50, +41413xxxx51, +41413xxxx52 and +41413xxxx53 to a 4-digit extension by deleting all of the incoming digits and inserting an extension.

change inc-cal	l-handling-trmt t	runk-group 1		Page	1 of	3
	INCOMING	CALL HANDLING	TREATMENT			
Service/	Number De	l Insert				
Feature	Len Digits					
public-ntwrk	12 +41413xxxxx	50 all 61	02			
public-ntwrk	12 +41413xxxxx	51 all 60	10			
public-ntwrk	12 +41413xxxxx	52 all 60	20			
public-ntwrk	12 +41413xxxxx	53 all 61	04			

5.10. EC500 Configuration

When EC500 is enabled on a Communication Manager station, a call to that station will generate a new outbound call from Communication Manager to the configured EC500 destination, typically a mobile phone.

The following screen shows an example EC500 configuration for the user with station extension 6102. Use the command **change off-pbx-telephone station-mapping x** where **x** is Communication Manager station.

- The **Station Extension** field will automatically populate with station extension.
- For Application enter EC500.
- Enter a **Dial Prefix** if required by the routing configuration, none was required during testing.
- For the **Phone Number** enter the phone that will also be called (e.g., **0035389434xxxx**).
- Set the **Trunk Selection** to **ars** so that the ARS table will be used for routing.
- Set the **Config Set** to **1**.

change off-pb	x-telephone st	tation-mapp	ing 6102	Page	1 of	3
	STATIONS	WITH OFF-P	BX TELEPHONE INTEG	RATION		
Station	Application	Dial CC	Phone Number	Trunk	Config	Dual
Extension		Prefix		Selection	Set	Mode
6102	EC500	-	0035389434xxxx	ars	1	

Note: The phone number shown is for a mobile phone in the Avaya Lab. To use facilities for calls coming in from EC500 mobile phones, the calling party number received in Communication Manager must exactly match the number specified in the above table.

Save Communication Manager configuration by entering save translation.

6. Configuring Avaya Aura® Session Manager

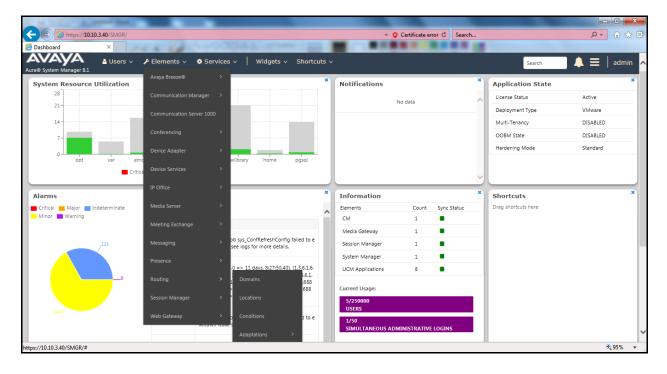
This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. Session Manager is configured via System Manager. The procedures include the following areas:

- Log in to Avaya Aura[®] System Manager.
- Administer SIP Domain.
- Administer SIP Location.
- Administer Conditions.
- Administer Adaptations.
- Administer SIP Entities.
- Administer Entity Links.
- Administer Routing Policies.
- Administer Dial Patterns.

It may not be necessary to create all the items above when creating a connection to the service provider since some of these items would have already been defined as part of the initial Session Manager installation. This includes items such as certain SIP domains, locations, SIP entities, and Session Manager itself. However, each item should be reviewed to verify the configuration.

6.1. Log in to Avaya Aura® System Manager

Access the System Manager using a web browser and entering http://<FQDN >/SMGR, where <FQDN> is the fully qualified domain name of System Manager. Log in using appropriate credentials (not shown) and the Dashboard tab will be presented with menu options shown below.



Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2021 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved. 18 of 65 Swiss_CMSMSBC81 Most of the configuration items are performed in the Routing Element. Click on **Routing** in the Elements column shown above to bring up the **Introduction to Network Routing Policy** screen.

A LOW ALTERNA		
	SMGR/ 👻 🗘 Certificate error 🖒 Search	ହ 🕁 🕀 🕫
🥖 Dashboard 🛛 🗙	/ 6 A CA	
Aura® System Manager 8.1	Jsers 🗸 🖋 Elements 🗸 🏶 Services 🗸 Widgets 🗸 Shortcuts 🗸	Search 👃 🚍 🛛 admin
Home Routing ×		
Routing ^ 📥	Administration of Session Manager Routing Policies	^
Domains	A Routing Policy consists of routing elements such as "Domains", "Locations", "SIP Entities", etc.	
Locations	The recommended order of routing element administration (that means the overall routing workflow) is as follows:	
Locations	Step 1: Create "Domains" of type SIP (other routing applications are referring domains of type SIP).	
Conditions	Step 2: Create "Locations"	
Adaptations 🗸 🗸	Step 3: Create "Conditions" (if Flexible Routing or Regular Expression Adaptations are in use)	
	Step 4: Create "Adaptations"	
SIP Entities	Step 5: Create "SIP Entities"	
Entity Links	- SIP Entities that are used as "Outbound Proxies" e.g. a certain "Gateway" or "SIP Trunk"	
	- Create all "other SIP Entities" (Session Manager, CM, SIP/PSTN Gateways, SIP Trunks)	
Time Ranges	- Assign the appropriate "Locations", "Adaptations" and "Outbound Proxies"	
Routing Policies	Step 6: Create the "Entity Links"	
	- Between Session Managers	
Dial Patterns 🗸 🗸	- Between Session Managers and "other SIP Entities"	
Regular Expressions	Step 7: Create "Time Ranges"	
	- Align with the tariff information received from the Service Providers	
Defaults	Step 8: Create "Routing Policies"	
X	- Assign the appropriate "Routing Destination" and "Time Of Day"	~
https://10.10.3.40/SMGR/#		€ ,95% -

6.2. Administer SIP Domain

Create a SIP domain for each domain for which Session Manager will need to be aware in order to route calls. Expand **Elements** \rightarrow **Routing** and select **Domains** from the left navigation menu, click **New** (not shown). Enter the following values and use default values for remaining fields.

- Name Enter a Domain Name. In the sample configuration, avaya.com was used.
- **Type** Verify **SIP** is selected.
- Notes Add a brief description [Optional].

Click **Commit** to save. The screen below shows the SIP Domain defined for the sample configuration.

			Help ?
Domain Management			
New Edit Delete Duplicate More Actions	•		
1 Item 🌊			Filter: Enable
1 Rein ic			riter. chabie
Name	Туре	Notes	There ended
Name	Туре sip	Notes	Fitters Endore
Name		Notes	

6.3. Administer Locations

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management and call admission control. To add a location, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Locations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- Name: Enter a descriptive name for the location.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

The Location Pattern is used to identify call routing based on IP address. Session Manager matches the IP address against the patterns defined in this section. If a call is from a SIP Entity that does not match the IP address pattern, then Session Manager uses the location administered for the SIP Entity.

In the Location Pattern section, click Add and enter the following values.

- **IP Address Pattern** Enter the logical pattern used to identify the location.
- Notes Add a brief description [Optional].

Click **Commit** to save. The screenshot below shows the Location **SMGR_8** defined for the compliance testing.

Location Details	Commit Cancel
General	
* Name:	SMGR_8
Notes:	
Dial Plan Transparency in Survivable Mode	
Enabled:	
Listed Directory Number:	
Associated CM SIP Entity:	
Overall Managed Bandwidth	
Managed Bandwidth Units:	Kbit/sec 💙
Total Bandwidth:	
Multimedia Bandwidth:	
Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth:	×.

6.4. Administer Adaptations

Session Manager Adaptations can be used to alter parameters in the SIP message headers. An Adaptation was used during testing to remove Avaya proprietary headers from messages sent and remove headers from messages received from Swisscom. Adaptations can be used to modify the called and calling party numbers to meet the requirements of the service. The called party number present in the SIP INVITE Request URI is modified by the **Digit Conversion** in the Adaptation. In order to improve interoperability with third party elements, Session Manager R8.1 incorporates the ability to use Adaptation modules to remove specific SIP headers that are either Avaya proprietary unnecessary for non-Avaya elements

For the compliance test, an Adaptation named "**Swiss**" was created to block the following headers from outbound messages, before they were forwarded to the Avaya SBCE: AV-Global-Session-ID, AV-Correlation-ID, Alert-Info, Endpoint-View, P-AV-Message-ID, P-Charging-Vector, and P-Location. These headers contain private information from the enterprise and also add unnecessary size to outbound messages, while they have no significance to the service provider. The header Resource-Priority was also removed from messages received from Swisscom as per Section 2.2.

To add an adaptation, under the **Routing** tab select **Adaptations** on the left-hand menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown). Under **Adaptation Details** \rightarrow **General**:

- Adaption Name: Enter an appropriate name such as Swisscom.
- Module Name: Select DigitConversionAdapter.
- Modular Parameter Type: Select Name-Value Parameter.

Click **Add** to add the name and value parameters.

- Name: Enter **eRHdrs**. This parameter will remove the specific headers from messages in the egress direction.
- Value: Enter AV-Global-Session-ID, AV-Correlation-ID, Alert-Info,
 Endpoint View DAV Manage ID, D Chaming Vieter DL agation
- Endpoint-View, P-AV-Message-ID, P-Charging-Vector, P-Location.
- Name: Enter fromto. Modifies From and To header of a message.
- Value: Enter true.
- Name: Enter MIME. Remove MIME message bodies from Session Manager.
- Value: Enter no.
- Name: Enter **iRHdrs**. This parameter will remove the specific headers from messages in the ingress direction.
- Value: Enter Resource-Priority.

Adaptation Details		Commit Cancel	Help ?
General			
* Adaptation Name:	Swiss		
Notes:			
* Module Name:	DigitConversionAdapter 🔽		
Туре:	digit		
State:	enabled 🔽		
Module Parameter Type:	Name-Value Parameter 💙		
	Add Remove		
	Name	▲ Value	14
	eRHdrs	"P-AV-Message-Id, P-Charging-Vector, P-Location, Endpoint-View, P-Conference, Alert-	\Diamond
	fromto	true	0
	iRHdrs	"Resource-Priority"	0
	<		>
	Select : All, None		4 4 Page 1 of2 🕨 🔰
Egress URI Parameters:			

Scroll down the page and under **Digit Conversion for Outgoing Calls from SM**, click the **Add** button and specify the digit manipulation to be performed as follows:

- Enter the leading digits that will be matched in the Matching Pattern field.
- In the **Min** and **Max** fields set the minimum and maximum digits allowed in the digit string to be matched.
- In the **Delete Digits** field enter the number of leading digits to be removed.
- In the **Insert Digits** field specify the digits to be prefixed to the digit string.
- In the **Address to modify** field specify the digits to manipulate by the adaptation. In this configuration the dialed number is the target so **both** have been selected.

1 Item 🤍									Filter: Enable
Matching Patte	rn 🔺 Min	Max	Phone Context	Delete Digits	Insert Digits	Address to modify	Adaptation Data	Notes	
<pre>* 00</pre>	* 2	* 15		* 2	+	both 🗸			>
Select : All, None									

This will ensure any outgoing numbers matching 00 will be deleted and have + inserted being converted to E.164 format before being forwarded to the Avaya SBCE.

6.5. Administer SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for each SIP-based telephony system supported by a SIP connection to Session Manager. To add a SIP Entity, select **SIP Entities** on the left panel menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown). The following will need to be entered for each SIP Entity. Under **General**:

- In the **Name** field enter an informative name.
- In the **FQDN or IP Address** field enter the IP address of Session Manager or the signalling interface on the connecting system.
- In the **Type** field use **Session Manager** for a Session Manager SIP Entity, **CM** for a Communication Manager SIP Entity and **SIP Trunk** for the Avaya SBCE SIP Entities.
- In the **Location** field select the appropriate location from the drop-down menu.
- In the **Time Zone** field enter the time zone for the SIP Entity.

In this configuration there are three SIP Entities.

- Session Manager SIP Entity.
- Communication Manager SIP Entity.
- Avaya SBCE SIP Entity.

6.5.1. Avaya Aura® Session Manager SIP Entity

The following screens show the SIP entity for Session Manager. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Session Manager SIP signalling interface and **Type** is **Session Manager**. Set the **Location** to that defined in **Section 6.3** and the **Time Zone** to the appropriate time.

SIP Entity Details	Commit Cancel
General	
* Name:	Session Manager
* IP Address:	10.10.3.42
SIP FQDN:	
Туре:	Session Manager
Notes:	
	SMGR_8
Outbound Proxy:	
Time Zone:	Europe/Dublin
Minimum TLS Version:	Use Global Setting 🗸
Credential name:	
Monitoring	
SIP Link Monitoring:	Use Session Manager Configuration 🗸
CRLF Keep Alive Monitoring:	Use Session Manager Configuration

Session Manager must be configured with the port numbers on the protocols that will be used by the other SIP entities. To configure these scroll to the bottom of the page and under **Port**, click **Add**, then edit the fields in the resulting new row.

- In the **Port** field enter the port number on which the system listens for SIP requests.
- In the **Protocol** field enter the transport protocol to be used for SIP requests.
- In the **Default Domain** field, from the drop-down menu select the domain added in **Section 6.2** as the default domain.

Port TCP Failover port: TLS Failover port: Add Remove				
3 Items ಿ				Filter: Enable
Port	 Protocol	Default Domain	Notes	
5060	TCP 🗸	avaya.com 🗸		
5061	TLS 🗸	avaya.com 🗸		
5061	UDP 🗸	avaya.com 🗸		
Select : All, None				

6.5.2. Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Entity

The following screen shows the SIP entity for Communication Manager which is configured as an Evolution Server. This SIP Entity is used for the SIP Trunk. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the interface on Communication Manager that will be providing SIP signalling. Set the **Location** to that defined in **Section 6.3**.

SIP Entity Details	Commit Cancel
General	
* Name:	Communication Manager
* FQDN or IP Address:	10.10.3.44
Туре:	CM
Notes:	
Adaptation:	V
Location:	SMGR_8
Time Zone:	Europe/Dublin
* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):	4
Minimum TLS Version:	Use Global Setting
Credential name:	
Securable:	
Call Detail Recording:	none 🔽
Loop Detection	
Loop Detection Mode:	On V
Loop Count Threshold:	5
Loop Detection Interval (in msec):	200

Other parameters can be set for the SIP Entity as shown in the following screenshot, but for test, these were left at default values.

Loop Detection		
	Loop Detection Mode:	Off 💌
SIP Link Monitoring		
	SIP Link Monitoring:	Use Session Manager Configuration 💌

6.5.3. Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity

The following screen shows the SIP Entity for the Avaya SBCE used for PSTN destinations. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the Avaya SBCE private network interface (See Section 7.4.1). Set the Adaptation to that defined in Section 6.4, the Location to that defined in Section 6.3 and the Time Zone to the appropriate time zone.

SIP Entity Details	Commit
General	
* Name:	Avaya_SBCE
* FQDN or IP Address:	10.10.3.30
Туре:	SIP Trunk
Notes:	
Adaptation:	Switz M
Location:	SMGR_8
Time Zone:	Europe/Dublin
* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):	4
Minimum TLS Version:	Use Global Setting 🗸
Credential name:	
Securable:	
Call Detail Recording:	egress 🗸
Loop Detection	
Loop Detection Mode:	On 🔽
Loop Count Threshold:	5

6.6. Administer Entity Links

A SIP trunk between a Session Manager and another system is described by an Entity Link. To add an Entity Link, select **Entity Links** on the left panel menu and click on the **New** button (not shown). Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed.

- In the **Name** field enter an informative name.
- In the **SIP Entity 1** field select **Session Manager**.
- In the **Protocol** field enter the transport protocol to be used to send SIP requests.
- In the **Port** field enter the port number to which the other system sends its SIP requests.
- In the **SIP Entity 2** field enter the other SIP Entity for this link, created in **Section 6.5**.
- In the **Port** field enter the port number to which the other system expects to receive SIP requests.
- Select **Trusted** from the drop-down menu to make the other system trusted.

Click **Commit** to save changes. The following screenshot shows the Entity Links used in this configuration.

ew Edit Delete Duplicate	More Actions 🝷								
Items 🥏								F	Filter: Enab
Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2	Port	DNS Override	Connection Policy	Deny New Service	Notes
Aura Messaging	Session Manager	TLS	5061	Aura_Messaging	5061		trusted		
Avaya SBCE	Session Manager	TLS	5061	Avaya_SBCE	5061		trusted		
Communication Manager	Session Manager	TLS	5061	Communication Manager	5061		trusted		
Experience Portal	Session Manager	TLS	5061	Experience_Portal	5061		trusted		

6.7. Administer Routing Policies

Routing policies must be created to direct how calls will be routed to a system. To add a routing policy, select **Routing Policies** on the left panel menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown). Under **General**:

- Enter an informative name in the **Name** field
- Under **SIP Entity as Destination**, click **Select**, and then select the appropriate SIP entity to which this routing policy applies
- Under Time of Day, click Add, and then select the time range

The following screen shows the routing policy for calls inbound from the SIP Trunk to Communication Manager.

Commit	Cancel					
nication_Manager						
FQDN or IP Address			-	Туре	Notes	
10.10.3.44				СМ		_
						>
					Filter: E	Enable
Fri Sat	Sun	Start Time	End Time	Notes		
~ ~	~	00:00	23:59	Time Ran	nge 24/7	
						>
	FQDN or IP Address 10.10.3.44	FQDN or IP Address 10.10.3.44	FQDN or IP Address 10.10.3.44 Fri Sat Start Time	FQDN or IP Address 10.10.3.44 Fri Sat Sun Start Time	FQDN or IP Address Type 10.10.3.44 CM	nication_Manager FQDN or IP Address Type Notes 10.10.3.44 CM Filter: 1 Filter: 1 Fri Sat Sun Start Time End Time Notes

The following screen shows the routing policy for Avaya SBCE for the Swisscom SIP trunk.

Routing Policy Details		Commit Cancel			trop :
General					
	Name: to_Avaya_SBCE				
Dis	abled:				
* R	etries: 0				
	Notes:				
SIP Entity as Destination					
Select					
Name	FQDN or IP Address			Туре	Notes
Avaya_SBCE	10.10.3.30			SIP Trunk	
<					>
Time of Day					
Add Remove View Gaps/Overlaps					
1 Item 🧔					Filter: Enable
Ranking 🔺 Name Mon Tue	Wed Thu Fri	Sat Sun	Start Time End Tir	me Note	15
0 24/7	V V V	~ ~	00:00	23:59 Tim	e Range 24/7
<					>
Select : All, None					

6.8. Administer Dial Patterns

A dial pattern must be defined to direct calls to the appropriate telephony system. To configure a dial pattern, select **Dial Patterns** on the left panel menu and then click on the **New** button (not shown).

Under General:

- In the **Pattern** field enter a dialled number or prefix to be matched.
- In the **Min** field enter the minimum length of the dialled number.
- In the **Max** field enter the maximum length of the dialled number.
- In the **SIP Domain** field select **ALL** or alternatively one of those configured in **Section 6.2**.

Under Originating Locations and Routing Policies:

- Click **Add**, in the resulting screen (not shown).
- Under Originating Location, select the location defined in Section 6.3 or ALL.
- Under **Routing Policies** select one of the routing policies defined in **Section 6.7**.
- Click **Select** button to save.

Dial Pattern Details		Commit Cancel			
General					
* Pattern: 00	353				
* Min: 5					
* Max: 16					
Emergency Call:					
SIP Domain: av	aya.com 🗸				
Notes:					
Originating Locations and Routing Policies					
1 Item 🧔					Filter: Enable
Originating Location Name 🔺 Originating Location Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
SMGR_8	to_Avaya_SBCE	0		Avaya_SBCE	
Select : All, None					>

The following screen shows an example dial pattern configured for the Swisscom SIP Trunk.

The following screen shows the dial pattern configured for Communication Manager.

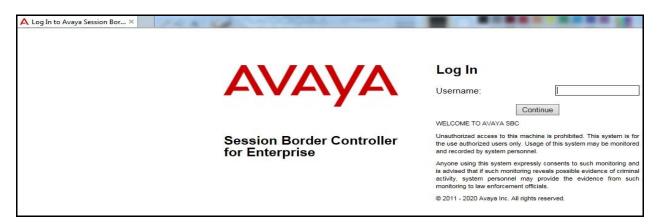
Dial Pattern Details	G	Commit Cancel			neip ?
General					
* Pattern:	+414				
* Min:	4				
* Max:	15				
Emergency Call:					
SIP Domain:	avaya.com 🗸				
Notes:					
Originating Locations and Routing Policies					
Add Remove					Filess Fachla
1 Item 🧟			Routing Policy		Filter: Enable
Originating Location Name	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
SMGR_8	to_Communication_Manager	0		Communication Manager	
<					>
Select : All, None					

7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

This section describes the configuration of the Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE). The Avaya SBCE provides security and manipulation of signalling to provide an interface to the Service Provider's SIP Trunk that is standard where possible and adapted to the Service Provider's SIP implementation where necessary.

7.1. Access Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Access the Avaya SBCE using a web browser by entering the URL https://<ip-address>, where <ip-address> is the management IP address configured at installation and enter the Username and Password.



Once logged in, on the top-left of the screen, under **Device:** select the required device from the drop-down menu. with a menu on the left-hand side. In this case, **GSSCP_R8** is used as a starting point for all configuration of the Avaya SBCE.

🥭 Dashboard - Avaya Session 🗙	L [*]				
Device: EMS	ncidents Status 🗸 Logs 🖌 Dia	agnostics Users			Settings 🗸 Help 🖌 Log Out
Session Borde	er Controller for E	nterprise			Αναγα
EMS Dashboard	Dashboard				
Software Management	Information			Installed Devices	
Device Management System Administration 	System Time	11:54:37 AM IST	Refresh	EMS	
 Templates 	Version	8.1.2.0-31-19809		GSSCP_R8	
Backup/Restore	GUI Version	8.1.2.0-20682			
Monitoring & Logging	Build Date	Sat Jun 05 11:45:08 UTC 2021			
	License State	📀 ОК			
	Aggregate Licensing Overages	0			
	Peak Licensing Overage Count	0			
	Last Logged in at	08/04/2021 10:11:49 IST			
	Failed Login Attempts	0			
	Active Alarms (past 24 hours)			Incidents (past 24 hours)	
	None found.			None found.	
					Add
	Notes		No note	es found.	

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2021 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved. To view system information that was configured during installation, navigate to **Device Management**. A list of installed devices is shown in the right pane. In the case of the sample configuration, a single device named **GSSCP_R8** is shown. To view the configuration of this device, click **View** (the third option from the right).

Device Management - Avay >	< 📑								
Device: GSSCP_R8 ↔ Ala	rms Incidents Status 🛩 Logs 🛩	Diagnostics Users					Settings 🗸	Help	🗸 🗸 Log Oi
Session Bord	er Controller for Er	nterprise							AVAYA
EMS Dashboard Software Management Device Management Backup/Restore	Device Management	Licensing Key Bundles	License Compliance						
 System Parameters Configuration Profiles Services 	Device Name GSSCP_R8	Management II 10.10.2.50	 Version 8.1.2.0-31-19809 	Status Commissioned	Reboot SI	hutdown	Restart Application	View Ed	it Uninstall
 Domain Policies TLS Management Network & Flows DMZ Services Monitoring & Logging 									

The System Information screen shows the General Configuration, Device Configuration, License Allocation, Network Configuration, DNS Configuration and Management IP information.

			System Inform	nation: GSSCP_R8			
General Configu	ration		C Device Configura	tion	License Allocation —		1
Appliance Name	GSSCP_R8		HA Mode	No	Standard Sessions Requested: 0	0	
Box Type	SIP		Two Bypass Mode	* No	Advanced Sessions Requested: 0	0	
Deployment Mod	e Proxy				Scopia Video Sessions Requested: 0	0	
					CES Sessions Requested: 0	0	
					Transcoding Sessions Requested: 0	o	
					Premium Sessions Requested: 0	0	
					CLID	8 77 8	
					-		
					Encryption Available: Yes	2	
Network Configu	uration				Available: Yes	N	
-	uration ————	Public IP	N	letwork Prefix or Subnet Mas	Available: Yes	534	Interfac
IP	uration ———	Public IP 10.10.3.30		letwork Prefix or Subnet Masi 55.255.255.0	Available: Yes	534	Interfac A1
IP 10.10.3.30	uration ———	CONTRACTOR OF STREET	2		Available: Yes	534	
IP 10.10.3.30 192.168.37.2		10.10.3.30	2	55.255.255.0 55.255.255.0	Available: Yes k Gateway 10.10.3.1	534	A1
IP 10.10.3.30 192.188.37.2 DN S Configuration		10.10.3.30	2 2 Management IP(s	55.255.255.0 55.255.255.0	Available: Yes k Gateway 10.10.3.1	534	A1
19 10.10.3.30 192.168.37.2 DNS Configuration Primary DNS	on	10.10.3.30	2 2 Management IP(s	55.255.255.0 55.255.255.0	Available: Yes k Gateway 10.10.3.1	534	A1
Network Configu IP 10.10.3.30 192.168.37.2 DNS Configuration Primary DNS Secondary DNS DNS Location	on	10.10.3.30	2 2 Management IP(s	55.255.255.0 55.255.255.0	Available: Yes k Gateway 10.10.3.1	534	

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7.2. Define Network Management

Network information is required on the Avaya SBCE to allocate IP addresses and masks to the interfaces. Note that only the **A1** and **B1** interfaces are used, typically the **A1** interface is used for the internal side and **B1** is used for external. Each side of the Avaya SBCE can have only one physical interface assigned.

To define the network information, navigate to Network & Flows \rightarrow Network Management in the main menu on the left-hand side and click on Add. Enter details for the external interfaces in the dialogue box:

- Enter a descriptive name in the **Name** field.
- Enter the default gateway IP address for the external interfaces in the **Default Gateway** field.
- Enter the subnet mask in the Network Prefix or Subnet Mask field.
- Select the external physical interface to be used from the **Interface** drop down menu. In the test environment, this was **B1**.
- Click on Add and an additional row will appear allowing an IP address to be entered.
- Enter the external IP address of the Avaya SBCE on the SIP trunk in the **IP Address** field and leave the **Public IP** and **Gateway Override** fields blank.
- Click on **Finish** to complete the interface definition.

Name		B1_External		
Default Gateway		192.168.37.1		
Network Prefix or Subr	net Mask	255.255.255	128	
Interface		B1 🗸		
				Add
IP Address	Publi	c IP	Gateway Override	
192.168.37.2	Use	IP Address	Use Default	Delet

Click on **Add** to define the internal interfaces or Edit if it was defined during installation of the Avaya SBCE. Enter details in the dialogue box:

- Enter a descriptive name in the **Name** field.
- Enter the default gateway IP address for the internal interfaces in the **Default Gateway** field.
- Enter the subnet mask in the Network Prefix or Subnet Mask field.
- Select the internal physical interface to be used from the **Interface** drop down menu. In the test environment, this was **A1**.
- Click on Add and an additional row will appear allowing an IP address to be entered.
- Enter the internal IP address of the Avaya SBCE on the SIP trunk in the **IP Address** field and leave the **Public IP** and **Gateway Override** fields blank.
- Click on **Finish** to complete the interface definition.

may stop functioning.			plication must be restarted		
Name		A1_Internal			
Default Gateway		10.10.3.1	10.10.3.1		
Network Prefix or Sub	onet Mask	255.255.255	0		
Interface		A1 🗸			
				Add	
IP Address	Publi	c IP	Gateway Override	15	
10.10.3.30	Use	IP Address	Use Default	Delete	

The following screenshot shows the completed Network Management configuration:

	nent					
nterfaces Networks						
Name	Gateway	Subnet Mask / Prefix Length	Interface	IP Address	_	1
Name A1_Internal	Gateway 10.10.3.1	Subnet Mask / Prefix Length 255.255.255.0	Interface A1	IP Address 10.10.3.30	Edit	De

Select the **Interfaces** tab and click on the **Status** of the physical interface to toggle the state. Change the state to **Enabled** where required.

Network Management			
Interfaces Networks			
			Add VLAN
Interface Name	VLAN Tag	Status	
A1		Enabled	
A2		Disabled	
B1		Enabled	
B2		Disabled	

Note: to ensure that the Avaya SBCE uses the interfaces defined, the Application must be restarted.

- Click on **Device Management** in the main menu (not shown).
- Select **Restart Application** indicated by an icon in the status bar (not shown).

A status box will appear that will indicate when the restart is complete.

7.3. Define TLS Profiles

For the compliance test, TLS transport is used for signalling on the SIP trunk between Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE. Compliance testing was done using identity certificates signed by a local certificate authority. The generation and installation of these certificates are beyond the scope of these Application Notes.

The following procedures show how to view the certificates and configure the Client and Server profiles to support the TLS connection.

7.3.1. Certificates

To view the certificates currently installed on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to **TLS Management → Certificates**:

- Verify that an Avaya SBCE identity certificate (asbce40int.pem) is present under Installed Certificates.
- Verify that certificate authority root certificate (**SystemManagerCA.pem**) is present under **Installed CA certificates**.
- Verify that private key associated with the identity certificate (**asbce40int.key**) is present under **Installed Keys**.

Session Bord	er Controller for Enterprise	A١	/AYA
EMS Dashboard Device Management Backup/Restore In System Parameters	Certificates Install	Gene	rate CSR
 Configuration Profiles Services Domain Policies 	Installed Certificates asbce40int.pem	View	Delete
 TLS Management Certificates 	Installed CA Certificates SystemManagerCA.pem	View	Delete
Client Profiles Server Profiles SNI Group	Installed Certificate Revocation Lists No certificate revocation lists have been installed.		
 Network & Flows DMZ Services Monitoring & Logging 	Installed Certificate Signing Requests No certificate signing requests have been installed.		
Antoning and Antonin	Installed Keys asbce40int.key		Delete

7.3.2. Client Profile

To create a new client profile, navigate to **TLS Management** \rightarrow **Client Profile** in the left pane and click **Add** (not shown).

- Set **Profile Name** to a descriptive name. **GSSCP_Client** was used in the compliance testing.
- Set **Certificate** to the identity certificate **asbce40int.pem** used in the compliance testing.
- **Peer Verification** is automatically set to **Required**.
- Set **Peer Certificate Authorities** to the **SystemManagerCA.pem** identity certificate.
- Set Verification Depth to 1.

Click Next to accept default values for the next screen and click Finish (not shown).

Client Profiles: G	SSCP Client		
	dd		Delet
Client Profiles		Click here to add a description.	
GSSCP_Client	Client Profile		
	TLS Profile		
	Profile Name	GSSCP_Client	
	Certificate	asbce40int.pem	
	SNI	Enabled	
	Certificate Verification		
	Peer Verification	Required	
	Peer Certificate Authorities	SystemManagerCA.pem	
	Peer Certificate Revocation Lists		
	Verification Depth	1	
	Extended Hostname Verification	Π	
	Renegotiation Parameters		
	Renegotiation Time	0	
	Renegotiation Byte Count	0	
	Handshake Options		
	Version	ILS 1.2 ILS 1.1 ILS 1.0	
	Ciphers	Default FIPS Custom	
	Value	HIGH:IDH:IADH:IMD5:IaNULL:IeNULL:@STRENGTH	
		Edit	

7.3.3. Server Profile

To create a new server profile, navigate to **TLS Management** \rightarrow **Server Profile** in the left pane and click **Add** (not shown).

- Set Profile Name to a descriptive name. GSSCP_Server was used in the compliance testing
- Set Certificate to the identity certificate asbce40int.pem used in the compliance testing.
- Set Peer Verification to Optional.

Click Next to accept default values for the next screen and click Finish (not shown).

Server Profiles: GSSC	CP_Server		
Add			Delete
Server Profiles		Click here to add a description.	
GSSCP_Server	Server Profile		
	TLS Profile		^
	Profile Name	GSSCP_Server	
	Certificate	asbce40int.pem	
	SNI Options	None	
	Certificate Verification		
	Peer Verification	Optional	
	Peer Certificate Authorities		
	Peer Certificate Revocation Lists		
	Verification Depth	1	
	Extended Hostname Verification		
	Renegotiation Parameters		
	Renegotiation Time	0	
	Renegotiation Byte Count	0	
	Handshake Options		
	Version	TLS 1.2 TLS 1.1 TLS 1.0	
	Ciphers	Default FIPS Custom	
	Value	HIGH:IDH:IADH:IMD5:IaNULL:IeNULL:@STRENGTH	
		Edit	~

7.4. Define Interfaces

When the IP addresses and masks are assigned to the interfaces, these are then configured as signalling and media interfaces.

7.4.1. Signalling Interfaces

To define the signalling interfaces on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to Network & Flows \rightarrow Signaling Interface from the menu on the left-hand side. Details of transport protocol and ports for the internal and external SIP signalling are entered here.

To enter details of transport protocol and ports for the SIP signalling on the internal interface:

- Select **Add** and enter details of the internal signalling interface in the pop-up menu (not shown).
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the interface.
- For **Signaling IP**, select the **A1_Internal** signalling interface IP addresses defined in **Section 7.2**.
- Select **TLS** port number, **5061** is used for Session Manager.
- Select a **TLS Profile** defined in **Section 7.3.3** from the drop-down menu.
- Click **Finish**.

To enter details of transport protocol and ports for the SIP signalling on the external interface:

- Select **Add** and enter details of the external signalling interface in the pop-up menu (not shown).
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the external signalling interface.
- For Signaling IP, select the **B1_external** signalling interface IP address defined in Section 7.2.
- Select **TCP** port number, **5060** is used for the Swisscom SIP Trunk.
- Click **Finish**.

Signaling Interface						
Signaling Interface						
Name	Signaling IP Network	TCP Port	UDP Port	TLS Port	TLS Profile	Add
Sig_Ext	192.168.37.2 B1_External (B1, VLAN 0)	5060			None	Edit Delete
Sig_Int	10.10.3.30 A1_Internal (A1, VLAN D)	50 <mark>6</mark> 0		5061	GSSCP_Server	Edit Delete

7.4.2. Media Interfaces

To define the media interfaces on the Avaya SBCE, navigate to Network & Flows \rightarrow Media Interface from the menu on the left-hand side. Details of the RTP and SRTP port ranges for the internal and external media streams are entered here. The IP addresses for media can be the same as those used for signalling.

To enter details of the media IP and RTP port range for the internal interface to be used in the server flow:

- Select Add Media Interface and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the internal media interface.
- For Media IP, select the A1_Internal media interface IP address defined in Section 7.2.
- For **Port Range**, enter **35000-40000**.
- Click **Finish**.

To enter details of the media IP and RTP port range on the external interface to be used in the server flow.

- Select Add Media Interface and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the external media interface.
- For Media IP, select the B1_External media interface IP address defined in Section 7.2.
- Select **Port Range**, enter **35000-40000**.
- Click **Finish**.

Media Interface			
Media Interface			
	Media IP		Add
Name	Network	Port Range	
Med_Int	10.10.3.30 A1_internal (A1, VLAN 0)	35000 - 40000	Edit Delete
Med_Ext	192.168.37.2 B1_External (B1, VLAN 0)	35000 - 40000	Edit Delete

7.5. Define Server Interworking

Server interworking is defined for each server connected to the Avaya SBCE. In this case, Swisscom is connected as the Trunk Server and Session Manager is connected as the Call Server.

7.5.1. Server Interworking Avaya

Server Interworking allows the configuration and management of various SIP call server-specific capabilities such as call hold and T.38. From the left-hand menu select **Configuration Profiles** → Server Interworking and click on Add.

- Enter profile name such as Avaya and click **Next** (Not Shown).
- Check Hold Support = None.
- Check **T.38 Support**.
- All other options on the **General** Tab can be left at default.

Hold Support	 None RFC2543 - c=0.0.0.0 RFC3264 - a=sendonly
180 Handling	None O SDP O No SDP
181 Handling	None O SDP O No SDP
182 Handling	
183 Handling	None O SDP O No SDP
Refer Handling	
URI Group	None 🗸
Send Hold	
Delayed Offer	×.
3xx Handling	
Diversion Header Support	
Delayed SDP Handling	
Re-Invite Handling	
Prack Handling	
Allow 18X SDP	
T.38 Support	\mathbf{V}
URI Scheme	● SIP O TEL O ANY
Via Header Format	RFC3261 RFC2543

On the **Advanced** Tab:

- Check **Record Routes** = **Both Sides**.
- Ensure **Extensions** = **Avaya**.
- Check Has Remote SBC.
- All other options on the **Advanced** Tab can be left at default.

Click Finish.

Record Routes	 None Single Side Both Sides Dialog-Initiate Only (Single Side) Dialog-Initiate Only (Both Sides)
Include End Point IP for Context Lookup	
Extensions	Avaya 🗸
Diversion Manipulation	
Diversion Condition	None
Diversion Header URI	
Has Remote SBC	
Route Response on Via Port	
Relay INVITE Replace for SIPREC	
MOBX Re-INVITE Handling	
DTMF	
DTMF Support	 None SIP Notify RFC 2833 Relay & SIP Notify SIP Info RFC 2833 Relay & SIP Info Inband

7.5.2. Server Interworking – Swisscom

Server Interworking allows the configuration and management of various SIP call server-specific capabilities such as call hold and T.38. From the left-hand menu select **Configuration Profiles** → Server Interworking and click on Add.

- Enter profile name such as **Swisscom** and click **Next** (Not Shown).
- Check Hold Support = None.
- Check T.38 Support.
- All other options on the **General** Tab can be left at default.

Hold Support	 None RFC2543 - c=0.0.0.0 RFC3264 - a=sendonly
180 Handling	None O SDP O No SDP
181 Handling	None O SDP O No SDP
182 Handling	None O SDP O No SDP
183 Handling	None O SDP O No SDP
Refer Handling	
URI Group	None 🗸
Send Hold	
Delayed Offer	×
3xx Handling	
Diversion Header Support	
Delayed SDP Handling	
Re-Invite Handling	
Prack Handling	
Allow 18X SDP	
T.38 Support	\blacksquare
URI Scheme	● SIP O TEL O ANY
Via Header Format	RFC3261 RFC2543

On the **Advanced** Tab:

- Check **Record Routes** = **Both Sides**.
- Ensure **Extensions** = **None**.
- Check **Has Remote SBC**.
- All other options on the **Advanced** Tab can be left at default.

Click Finish.

Record Routes	 None Single Side Both Sides Dialog-Initiate Only (Single Side) Dialog-Initiate Only (Both Sides)
Include End Point IP for Context Lookup	
Extensions	None V
Diversion Manipulation	
Diversion Condition	None
Diversion Header URI	
Has Remote SBC	
Route Response on Via Port	
Relay INVITE Replace for SIPREC	
DTMF	
DTMF Support	 None SIP Notify SIP Info Inband
	Finish

7.6. Signalling Manipulation

The Signaling Manipulation feature allows the ability to add, change and delete any of the headers in a SIP message. This feature will add the ability to configure such manipulation in a highly flexible manner using a proprietary scripting language called SigMa. The SigMa scripting language is designed to express any of the SIP header manipulation operations to be done by the Avaya SBCE

During compliance testing, Swisscom required different timer values for the Session-Expires and Min-SE timers. Swisscom required values of 1800 for Session-Expires and 360 for Min-SE. A script was implemented on the Avaya SBCE to change the value of the Min-SE timer from 1800 to 360.

To define the signalling manipulation to change the value of the Min-SE timer from 1800 to 360, navigate to **Configuration Profiles** \rightarrow **Signaling Manipulation** and click on **Add** (not shown) and enter a title. A new blank SigMa Editor window will pop up. The script text is as follows:

```
/*Script to change Min-SE Value */
within session "INVITE"
{
  act on request where %DIRECTION="OUTBOUND" and %ENTRY_POINT="POST_ROUTING"
  {
   if(exists(%HEADERS["Min-SE"][1])) then
   {
    %HEADERS["Min-SE"][1].regex_replace("1800", "360");
   }
}
```

Once entered and saved, the script appears as shown in the following screenshot:



7.7. Define Servers

Servers are defined for each server connected to the Avaya SBCE. In this case, Swisscom is connected as the Trunk Server and Session Manager is connected as the Call Server.

7.7.1. Server Configuration – Avaya

From the left-hand menu select **Services** \rightarrow **SIP Servers** and click on **Add** and enter a descriptive name. On the **Add Server Configuration Profiles** tab, set the following:

- Select Server Type to be Call Server.
- Select **TLS Client Profile** to be **GSSCP_Client** as defined in **Section 7.3.2**.
- Enter IP Address / FQDN to 10.10.3.42 (Session Manager IP Address).
- For **Port**, enter **5061**.
- For **Transport**, select **TLS**.
- Click on **Next** (not shown) to use default entries on the **Authentication** and **Heartbeat** tabs.

Call Server	~
NONE/A 🗸	
GSSCP_Client ♥	
	A
	NONE/A 🗸

On the **Advanced** tab:

- Check Enable Grooming.
- Select Avaya for Interworking Profile.
- Click **Finish**.

	SIP Server Profile - Advanced	x
Enable DoS Protection	<u>11</u>	
Enable Grooming		
Interworking Profile	Avaya 🗸	
Signaling Manipulation Script	None 🗸	
Securable		
Enable FGDN		
TCP Failover Port		
TLS Failover Port		
Tolerant		
URI Group	None 🗸	
	Finish	

7.7.2. Server Configuration – Swisscom

To define the Swisscom Trunk Server, navigate to Services \rightarrow SIP Servers and click on Add and enter a descriptive name. On the Add Server Configuration Profile tab, set the following:

- Select Server Type to be Trunk Server.
- Enter IP Address / FQDN to 10.254.151.22 (Swisscom SIP Platform).
- For **Port**, enter **5060**.
- For **Transport**, select **TCP**.
- Click on **Next** (not shown) to use default entries on the **Authentication** and **Heartbeat** tabs.

Server Type can not be chang	ed while this SIF Server Pro	file is associated to a	Server Flow.
Server Type	Trunk Server	~	
SIP Domain			
DNS Query Type	NONE/A 🗸		
TLS Client Profile	None	~	
			Add
IP Address / FQDN	Port	Transport	
10.254.151.22	5060	TCP	✓ Delete

On the Advanced tab:

- Check Enable Grooming.
- Select Swisscom for Interworking Profile.
- Select MIN-SE for Signalling Manipulation Script as per Section 7.6.
- Click **Finish**.

	SIP Server Profile - Advanced	x
Enable DoS Protection		
Enable Grooming	\blacksquare	
Interworking Profile	Swisscom 🗸	
Signaling Manipulation Script	MIN-SE	
Securable		
Enable FGDN		
TCP Failover Port		
TLS Failover Port		
Tolerant		
URI Group	None V	
	Finish	

7.8. Routing

Routing profiles define a specific set of packet routing criteria that are used in conjunction with other types of domain policies to identify a particular call flow and thereby ascertain which security features will be applied to those packets. Parameters defined by Routing Profiles include packet transport settings, name server addresses and resolution methods, next hop routing information, and packet transport types.

Routing information is required for routing to Session Manager on the internal side and Swisscom address on the external side. The IP addresses and ports defined here will be used as the destination addresses for signalling. If no port is specified in the **Next Hop IP Address**, default 5060 is used.

7.8.1. Routing – Avaya

Create a Routing Profile for Session Manager.

- Navigate to **Configuration Profiles** → **Routing** and select **Add Profile**.
- Enter a **Profile Name** and click **Next**.

	Routing Profile	X
Profile Name	Avaya	
	Next	

The Routing Profile window will open. Use the default values displayed and click Add.

 Time of Day 	default 💌
▼ NAPTR	
Next Hop Priority	V
Ignore Route Header	
ext-Hop Address.	Add
	Next Hop Priority

On the Next Hop Address window, set the following:

- **Priority/Weight** = 1.
- **SIP Server Profile** = **Avaya** (**Section 7.7.1**) from drop down menu.
- Next Hop Address = Select 10.10.3.42:5061(TLS) from drop down menu.
- Click Finish.

		Profile : Avaya			
URI Group	• •		Time of Day	default 🗸	
Load Balancing	Priority	~	NAPTR		
Transport	None 🗸		LDAP Routing		
LDAP Server Profile	None V		LDAP Base DN (Search)	None 🗸	
Matched Attribute Priority			Alternate Routing		
Next Hop Priority	Ø		Next Hop In-Dialog		
Ignore Route Header					
ENUM			ENUM Suffix		
					Add
Priority / LDAP Search Weight Attribute	LDAP Search Regex Pattern	LDAP Search Regex Result	SIP Server Next Hop Profile	o Address	Transport
1			Avaya 🗸 10.10.3.	42:5061 (TLS) 🗸	None 🗸 Delet
		Finish]		

7.8.2. Routing – Swisscom

Create a Routing Profile for Swisscom SIP network.

- Navigate to **Configuration Profiles** → **Routing** and select **Add Profile**.
- Enter a **Profile Name** and click **Next**.

	Routing Profile	X
Profile Name	Swisscom ×	
	Next	

The Routing Profile window will open. Use the default values displayed and click Add.

JRI Group	•	Time of Day	default 💌
Load Balancing	Priority	NAPTR	
Transport	None 💌	Next Hop Priority	7
Next Hop In-Dialog		Ignore Route Header	
Click the Add but	tton to add a Next-Hop) Address.	Add

On the Next Hop Address window, set the following:

- **Priority/Weight** = 1.
- **SIP Server Profile = Swisscom** (Section 7.7.2) from drop down menu.
- Next Hop Address = Select 10.254.151.22:5060 (TCP) from drop down menu.
- Click **Finish**.

		Profile : Swisscom				x
URI Group	• •		Time of Day	default 🗸		
Load Balancing	Priority	~	NAPTR			
Transport	None 🛩		LDAP Routing			
LDAP Server Profile	None 🗸		LDAP Base DN (Search)	None 🗸		
Matched Attribute Priority			Alternate Routing			
Next Hop Priority			Next Hop In-Dialog			
Ignore Route Header						
ENUM			ENUM Suffix			
						Add
Priority / LDAP Search Weight Attribute	LDAP Search Regex Pattern	LDAP Search Regex Result	SIP Server Next Hop A Profile	uddress	Transport	
1			Swisscom V 10.254.15	1.22:5060 (TCP) 🗸	None 🗸	Delete
		Finish]			

7.9. Topology Hiding

Topology hiding is used to hide local information such as private IP addresses and local domain names. The local information can be overwritten with a domain name or IP addresses. The default **Replace Action** is **Auto**, this replaces local information with IP addresses, generally the next hop. Topology hiding has the advantage of presenting single Via and Record-Route headers externally where multiple headers may be received from the enterprise. In some cases where Topology Hiding can't be applied, in particular the Contact header, IP addresses are translated to the Avaya SBCE external addresses using NAT.

To define Topology Hiding for Session Manager, navigate to **Configuration Profiles** \rightarrow **Topology Hiding** from menu on the left-hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Topology Hiding Profile** pop-up menu (not shown).

- Enter a descriptive Profile Name such as Avaya.
- If the required Header is not shown, click on Add Header.
- Under the **Header** field for **To**, **From** and **Request Line**, select **IP/Domain** under **Criteria** and **Overwrite** under **Replace Action**. For Overwrite value, insert **avaya.com**.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).

Add				Rename Clone Dele
Topology Hiding Profiles		C	lick here to add a description.	
default	Topology Hiding			
cisco_th_profile		O - Hereiter	Declara Aslina	
Avaya	Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value
Swisscom	From	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
	Refer-To	IP/Domain	Auto	
	Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto	575
	То	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
	Request-Line	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
	Via	IP/Domain	Auto	
	SDP	IP/Domain	Auto	
	Referred-By	IP/Domain	Auto	

To define Topology Hiding for Swisscom, navigate to **Configuration Profiles** \rightarrow **Topology Hiding** from the menu on the left-hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the **Topology Hiding Profile** pop-up menu (not shown).

- In the **Profile Name** field enter a descriptive name for Swisscom and click **Next**.
- If the required Header is not shown, click on Add Header.
- Under the **Header** field for **To**, **From** and **Request Line**, select **IP/Domain** under **Criteria** and **Auto** under **Replace Action**.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).

Add				Rename Clone Del
opology Hiding Profiles		c	lick here to add a description.	
lefault	Topology Hiding			
isco_th_profile				
Vaya	Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value
wisscom	From	IP/Domain	Auto	5003
	Refer-To	IP/Domain	Auto	
	Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto	1000
	То	IP/Domain	Auto	<u></u>
	Request-Line	IP/Domain	Auto	
	Via	IP/Domain	Auto	
	SDP	IP/Domain	Auto	
	Referred-By	IP/Domain	Auto	

7.10.Domain Policies

Domain Policies allow the configuration of sets of rules designed to control and normalize the behavior of call flows, based upon various criteria of communication sessions originating from or terminating in the enterprise. Domain Policies include rules for Application, Media, Signaling, Security, etc.

In the reference configuration, only new Media Rules were defined. All other rules under Domain Policies, linked together on End Point Policy Groups later in this section, used one of the default sets already pre-defined in the configuration. Please note that changes should not be made to any of the defaults. If changes are needed, it is recommended to create a new rule by cloning one the defaults and then make the necessary changes to the new rule.

7.10.1. Media Rules

A media rule defines the processing to be applied to the selected media. For the compliance test, a media rule was created for Session Manager to use SRTP, while the predefined **default-low-med** media rule was used for the Swisscom SIP trunk.

To define the Media Rule for Session Manager, navigate to **Domain Policies** \rightarrow **Media Rules** in the main menu on the left-hand side. Click on **Add** and enter details in the Media Rule pop-up box (not shown)

- In the **Rule Name** field enter a descriptive name such as **Avaya_SRTP**.
- Set Preferred Format #1 to SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80.
- Set **Preferred Format #2** to **RTP**.
- Uncheck **Encrypted RTCP**.
- Check Capability Negotiation under Miscellaneous (not shown).

Default values were used for all other fields. Click **Finish** (not shown).

Media Rules: Avaya	SRTP	
Add		Rename Clone Delet
Media Rules		Click here to add a description.
default-low-med	Encryption Codec Prioritization Advanced QoS	
default-low-med-enc		
default-high	Audio Encryption	
default-high-enc	Preferred Formats	SRTP_AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80 RTP
avaya-low-med-enc	SRTP Context Reset on SSRC Change	
Avaya_SRTP	Encrypted RTCP	
	МКІ	
	Lifetime	Any
	Interworking	
	Video Encryption	
	Preferred Formats	RTP
	Interworking	

Ac	dd Filter By Device 🗸		Clone
Media Rules	It is not recommended to edit the defaults. Try clo	iing or adding a new rule instead.	
lefault-low-med	Encryption Codec Prioritization Advance	d QoS	
lefault-low-med-enc	Audio Encryption		
lefault-high	Preferred Formats	RTP	
lefault-high-enc	Interworking		
vaya-low-med-enc			
waya_SRTP	Video Encryption		
0250-029	Preferred Formats	RTP	
	Interworking		
	Miscellaneous		
	Capability Negotiation		

For the compliance test, the default media rule **default-low-med** was used for Swisscom.

7.11. End Point Policy Groups

An end point policy group is a set of policies that will be applied to traffic between the Avaya SBCE and a signaling endpoint (connected server). Thus, one end point policy group must be created for Session Manager and another for the Swisscom SIP trunk. The end point policy group is applied to the traffic as part of the end point flow defined in **Section 7.12**.

7.11.1. End Point Policy Group – Session Manager

To define an End Point policy for Session Manager, navigate to **Domain Policies** \rightarrow End Point **Policy Groups** in the main menu on the left-hand side. Click on Add and enter details in the Policy Group pop-up box (not shown).

- In the **Group Name** field enter a descriptive name, in this case **Avaya**, and click **Next** (not shown).
- Leave the **Application Rule**, **Border Rule**, **Security Rule** and **Signalling Rule** fields at their default values.
- In the **Media Rule** drop down menu, select the recently added Media Rule called **Avaya_SRTP**.

	Policy Set	x
Application Rule	default 🗸	
Border Rule	default 🗸	
Media Rule	Avaya_SRTP 🗸	
Security Rule	default-low 🗸	
Signaling Rule	default 🗸	

Click Finish.

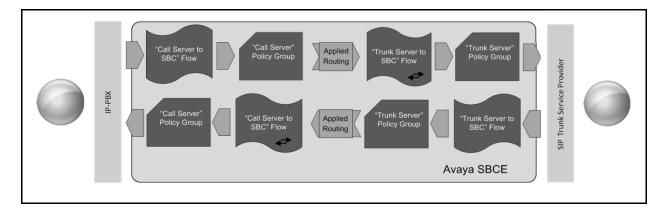
7.11.2. End Point Policy Group – Swisscom

For the compliance test, the predefined End Point Policy **default-low** was used for the Swisscom End Point Policy Group.

	Policy Set	X
Application Rule	default 🗸	
Border Rule	default	
Media Rule	default-low-med 🗸	
Security Rule	default-low 🗸	
Signaling Rule	default 🗸	

7.12. Server Flows

Server Flows combine the previously defined profiles into outgoing flows from Session Manager to Swisscom's SIP Trunk and incoming flows from Swisscom's SIP Trunk to Session Manager. The following screen illustrates the flow through the Avaya SBCE to secure a SIP Trunk call.



This configuration ties all the previously entered information together so that calls can be routed from Session Manager to Swisscom SIP Trunk and vice versa. The following screenshot shows all configured flows.

oscriber	r Flows Server Flow	IS								
	<u> </u>									
odificatio	ons made to a Server Fl	ow will only take effec	t on new sessions.							
							-			_
				Click here to add a row des	scription					
ID Serv	er: Avava			Click here to add a row des	scription.					
SIP Serv Priority	ver: Avaya	URI Group	Received Interface	Click here to add a row des Signaling Interface	scription. End Point Policy Group	Routing Profile				
	-	URI Group				Routing Profile Swisscom	View	Clone	Edit	De
Priority 1	Flow Name Call_Server		Received Interface	Signaling Interface	End Point Policy Group	a de la construcción de la constru	View	Clone	Edit	De
Priority 1	Flow Name		Received Interface	Signaling Interface	End Point Policy Group	a de la construcción de la constru	View	Clone	Edit	De

To define the inbound Server Flow for the Swisscom SIP Trunk, navigate to Network & Flows → End Point Flows.

- Click on the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select **Add Flow** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the server flow for Swisscom SIP Trunk, in the test environment **Trunk_Server** was used.
- In the Server Configuration drop-down menu, select the Swisscom server configuration defined in Section 7.7.2.
- In the **Received Interface** drop-down menu, select the internal SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.4.1**.
- In the **Signaling Interface** drop-down menu, select the external SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.4.1**.
- In the **Media Interface** drop-down menu, select the external media interface defined in **Section 7.4.2**.
- Set the **End Point Policy Group** to the endpoint policy group **default-low**.
- In the **Routing Profile** drop-down menu, select the routing profile of the Session Manager defined in **Section 7.8.1**.
- In the **Topology Hiding Profile** drop-down menu, select the topology hiding profile of the Swisscom SIP Trunk defined in **Section 7.9** and click **Finish** (not shown).

	F	low: Trunk_Server	x
Criteria		Profile	
Flow Name	Trunk_Server	Signaling Interface	Sig_Ext
Server Configuration	Swisscom	Media Interface	Med_Ext
URI Group	•	Secondary Media Interface	None
Transport	•	End Point Policy Group	default-low
Remote Subnet	¥3	Routing Profile	Avaya
Received Interface	Sig_Int	Topology Hiding Profile	Swisscom
		Signaling Manipulation Script	None
		Remote Branch Office	Any
		Link Monitoring from Peer	

To define the outbound server flow for Session Manager to the Swisscom network, navigate to Network & Flows \rightarrow End Point Flows.

- Click on the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select **Add Flow** and enter details in the pop-up menu.
- In the **Name** field enter a descriptive name for the server flow for Session Manager, in the test environment **Call_Server** was used.
- In the **Server Configuration** drop-down menu, select the server configuration for Session Manager defined in **Section 7.7.1**.
- In the **Received Interface** drop-down menu, select the internal SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.4.1**.
- In the **Signaling Interface** drop-down menu, select the external SIP signalling interface defined in **Section 7.4.1**.
- In the **Media Interface** drop-down menu, select the external media interface defined in **Section 7.4.2**.
- Set the End Point Policy Group to the endpoint policy group Avaya.
- In the **Routing Profile** drop-down menu, select the routing profile of the Swisscom SIP Trunk defined in **Section 7.8.2**.
- In the **Topology Hiding Profile** drop-down menu, select the topology hiding profile of Session Manager defined in **Section 7.9** and click **Finish** (not shown).

		Flow: Call_Server	
Criteria		Profile	
Flow Name	Call_Server	Signaling Interface	Sig_Int
Server Configuration	Avaya	Media Interface	Med_Int
URI Group		Secondary Media Interface	None
Transport	•	End Point Policy Group	Avaya
Remote Subnet	•	Routing Profile	Swisscom
Received Interface	Sig_Ext	Topology Hiding Profile	Avaya
		Signaling Manipulation Script	None
		Remote Branch Office	Any
		Link Monitoring from Peer	

8. Swisscom SIP Trunk Configuration

The configuration of the Swisscom equipment used to support Swisscom's SIP Trunk is outside of the scope of these Application Notes and will not be covered. To obtain further information on Swisscom equipment and system configuration please contact an authorized Swisscom representative.

9. Verification Steps

This section provides steps that may be performed to verify that the solution is configured correctly.

1. From System Manager Home tab click on Session Manager and navigate to Session Manager → System Status → SIP Entity Monitoring. Select the relevant SIP Entities from the list and observe if the Conn Status and Link Status are showing as UP.

'his p Aanag	ge displays detailed connection status for a er.	ll entity links from a Session							
		Ti	atus Details for the selected Sessic me Last Down: 12/09/19 11:10:34 me Last Up: 12/09/19 11:25:56 Li	Last Messag			:38		
	Entity Links for Session Man	ager: Session Manag	er		_	_	_		
		ager: Session Manag	er						Filter: En
1	Summary View	ager: Session Manag IP Address Family	er SIP Entity Resolved IP	Port	Proto.	▼ Deny	Conn. Status	Reason Code	
1	Summary View			Port 5061	Proto. TLS	▼ Deny FALSE	Conn. Status	Reason Code 200 OK	Filter: En Link Status UP

2. From Communication Manager SAT interface run the command **status trunk n** where **n** is a previously configured SIP trunk. Observe if all channels on the trunk group display **in-service/idle**.

status ti	runk 2					
	TRUNK GROUP STATUS					
Member	Port	Service State	Mtce Connected Ports Busy			
0002/001 0002/002 0002/003 0002/004 0002/005 0002/006	T00012 T00013 T00014 T00015	<pre>in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle in-service/idle</pre>	no no no no no			

- 3. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active.
- 4. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active.
- 5. Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
- 6. Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.
- 7. Should issues arise with the SIP trunk, use the Avaya SBCE trace facility to check that the OPTIONS requests sent from Session Manager via the Avaya SBCE to the network SBCs are receiving a response.

To define the trace, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Advanced Options** \rightarrow **Troubleshooting** \rightarrow **Trace** in the main menu on the left-hand side and select the **Packet Capture** tab.

- Select the SIP Trunk interface from the **Interface** drop down menu.
- Select the signalling interface IP address or from the Local Address drop down menu.
- Enter the IP address of the network SBC in the **Remote Address** field or enter a * to capture all traffic.
- Specify the Maximum Number of Packets to Capture, 1000 is shown as an example.
- Specify the filename of the resultant pcap file in the **Capture Filename** field.
- Click on **Start Capture**.

acket Capture Captures	
Packet Capture Configuration	
Status	Ready
Interface	B1 V
Local Address IP[:Port]	All
Remote Address *. *:Port, IP, IP:Port	*
Protocol	UDP V
Maximum Number of Packets to Capture	10000
Capture Filename Using the name of an existing capture will overwrite it.	test.pcap

To view the trace, select the **Captures** tab and click on the relevant filename in the list of traces.

Trace: GSSCP_R8			
Packet Capture Captures			Refresh
File Name	File Size (bytes)	Last Modified	
test_20190514093406.pcap	0	May 14, 2019 9:34:19 AM IST	Delete

The trace is viewed as a standard pcap file in Wireshark. If the SIP trunk is working correctly, a SIP response to OPTIONS in the form of a 200 OK will be seen from the Swisscom network.

10. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the configuration necessary to connect Avaya Aura ® Communication Manager R8.1, Avaya Aura ® Session Manager 8.1 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R8.1 to the Swisscom Enterprise SIP platform. The Swisscom Enterprise SIP Service is a SIP-based Voice over IP solution providing businesses a flexible, cost-saving alternative to traditional hardwired telephony trunks. The service was successfully tested with a number of observations listed in **Section 2.2**.

11. Additional References

This section references the documentation relevant to these Application Notes. Additional Avaya product documentation is available at <u>http://support.avaya.com</u>.

- [1] Deploying Avaya Appliance Virtualization Platform, Release 8.1, Jun 2021
- [2] Upgrading Avaya Aura® applications, Release 8.1, Jun 2021
- [3] Deploying Avaya Aura® applications from System Manager, Release 8.1, Jun 2021
- [4] Deploying Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Release 8.1, Jul 2021
- [5] Administering Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Release 8.1, Jul 2021
- [6] Upgrading Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Release 8.1, Jun 2021
- [7] Deploying Avaya Aura® System Manager, Release 8.1, May 2021
- [8] Upgrading Avaya Aura® System Manager, Release 8.1, Jul 2021
- [9] Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager, Release 8.1, Jul 2021
- [10] Deploying Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 8.1 Mar 2021
- [11] Upgrading Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 8.1, Mar 2021
- [12] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 8.1, Mar 2021
- [13] Deploying Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 8.1, Dec 2020
- [14] Upgrading Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 8.1 Dec 2020
- [15] Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 8.1, Jun 2021
- [16] RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol, http://www.ietf.org/

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