

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 7.2 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0.1 with AT&T IP Transfer Connect Service – Issue 1.0

## Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps for configuring Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 7.2 and the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0.1 with the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service, using AT&T **AVPN** or **MIS/PNT** transport connections.

The AT&T IP Transfer Connect service is a service option available with the AT&T IP Toll Free service, and supports the rerouting of inbound toll-free calls to alternate destinations based upon SIP redirection messages from Avaya Aura® Communication Manager or Avaya Aura® Experience Portal.

Note that these Application Notes are intended to supplement the separate document: *Application Notes for Avaya Aura*® *Communication Manager* 8.1, *Avaya Aura*® *Session Manager* 8.1, *Avaya Aura*® *Experience Portal* 7.2 *and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise* 8.0.1 *with AT&T IP Toll Free SIP Trunk Service – Issue 1.0.* 

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in **Section 2.1** as well as the observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

AT&T is a member of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

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# 1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps for configuring Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1 (Communication Manager), Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1 (Session Manager), Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 7.2 (Experience Portal) and the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0.1 (Avaya SBCE), with the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service using AT&T AVPN or MIS/PNT transport connections<sup>1</sup>.

The AT&T IP Transfer Connect (IPTC) service is a service option available with the AT&T IP Toll Free (IPTF) service and supports the rerouting of inbound toll-free calls to alternate<sup>2</sup> destinations based upon SIP redirection messages from the CPE, i.e., Communication Manager or Experience Portal.

The AT&T IP Transfer Connect service is typically used by enterprises that have multiple call centers that are separated geographically or otherwise not interconnected. Using Communication Manager SIP Network Call Redirection (NCR) feature, trunk-to-trunk routing of certain inbound calls at Avaya Aura® Communication Manager can be avoided by requesting that the AT&T network transfer the inbound caller to an alternate destination.

In addition, Communication Manager SIP User-to-User Information (UUI) feature can be utilized with the SIP NCR feature to transmit UUI within SIP signaling messages to the alternate destinations. This capability is used in conjunction with the Data Forwarding option of the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service to transmit a limited amount of call-related data between call centers to support enhanced, customer-friendly applications and/or support efficient use of call center resources. Examples of UUI data might include a customer account number obtained during a database query and the best service routing data exchanged between Communication Manager systems.

**Note** – These Application Notes are intended to supplement the separate document: *Application Notes for Avaya Aura*® *Communication Manager* 8.1, *Avaya Aura*® *Session Manager* 8.1, *Avaya Aura*® *Experience Portal* 7.2 *and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise* 8.0.1 *with AT&T IP Toll Free SIP Trunk Service* – *Issue* 1.0. This document is listed in **Section 11** as reference document [**15**]. It is recommended that this AT&T IP Toll Free service document should be available as a reference during provisioning to the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MIS/PNT transport does not support compressed RTP (cRTP), however AVPN transport does support cRTP <sup>2</sup> Note that this is NOT the same as the "Alternate Destination Routing (ADR)" service option available with the

AT&T IP Toll Free service.

# 2. General Test Approach and Test Results

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

The interoperability compliance testing focused on verifying call flows between IPTC and the Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) containing Communication Manager, Session Manager, and the Avaya SBCE (see Section 3.2 for call flow examples). The test environment consisted of:

- A simulated enterprise with Communication Manager, Session Manager, System Manager (for Session Manager provisioning), Experience Portal, Avaya SBCE and various Avaya IP telephones (see Section 3).
- A laboratory version of the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service, to which the simulated enterprise was connected.

Avaya recommends our customers implement Avaya solutions using appropriate security and encryption capabilities enabled by our products. The testing referenced in this DevConnect Application Note included the enablement of supported encryption capabilities in the Avaya products. Readers should consult the appropriate Avaya product documentation for further information regarding security and encryption capabilities supported by those Avaya products.

Support for these security and encryption capabilities in any non-Avaya solution component is the responsibility of each individual vendor. Readers should consult the appropriate vendor-supplied product documentation for more information regarding those products.

For the testing associated with these Application Notes, the interface between Avaya systems and the AT&T Toll Free service did not include use of any specific encryption features as requested by AT&T.

# 2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

The compliance testing was based on a test plan provided by AT&T, for the functionality required for certification as a solution supported on the AT&T network. Calls were made from the PSTN across the AT&T network, to the Avaya CPE. The following SIP trunking VoIP features were tested with the IPTC service:

- Inbound AT&T IP Transfer Connect service calls to Communication Manager VDNs, agents/telephones; utilizing G.729A codec (IPTC preferred codec). However, G.729B and G.711 codecs were tested as well.
- Avaya 96x1 IP telephones (H.323 and SIP) were used in Agent mode on Communication Manager.
- Inbound AT&T IP Transfer Connect service calls that are immediately redirected by a Communication Manager vector (pre-answer redirection) back to IPTC for redirection to an alternate destination.
- Inbound IPTC calls that are answered by a Communication Manager vector and then redirected (post-answer redirection) back to IPTC for redirection to an alternate destination.
- Redirected IPTC calls per above arriving on Communication Manager VDNs, agents, and phones (e.g., Communication Manager as the target party for the redirected calls).
- Inbound IPTC calls that are answered by Experience Portal and then redirected (postanswer redirection) back to IPTC for redirection to an alternate destination.
- Redirected IPTC calls per above arriving to Experience Portal (e.g., Experience Portal as the target party for the redirected calls).
- Recovery from unsuccessful post-answer redirection attempts due to busy or error conditions on the alternate destination.
- Verify reception of IPTC SIP Multipart/NSS headers, including SDP and XML content.
- Communication Manager features such as hold, resume, and local transfer.
- SIP OPTIONS messages used to monitor the health of the SIP trunks between the CPE and AT&T.
- Communication Manager NCR and SIP User-to-User Information (UUI) capability, in conjunction with the Data Forwarding option of the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service, to transmit UUI within SIP signaling messages to the alternate destinations.

## 2.2. Test Results

The test objectives stated in Section 2.1, with limitations as noted below, were verified.

- 1. **302 redirections and 180 Ringing** The IP Transfer Connect service specifies that 18x responses should not be used in conjunction with 302 redirection calls. Therefore, ring back should not be specified in Communication Manager 302 redirection vectors (see **Section 6.3.1**).
- 2. Communication Manager 18x responses and Refer The Communication Manager SIP trunk form may be configured to send either a 180 Ringing message (default), or a 183 Session Progress message (see Section 5.2). The message type selected alters the Communication Manager behavior upon receipt of a Notify from AT&T during Refer calls. If 180 is selected, then Communication Manager will issue a BYE upon receipt of the Notify/Ringing message from AT&T. If 183 is selected, then Communication Manager will issue a BYE upon receipt of the Notify/2000K from AT&T. In both cases the expected behavior by AT&T was for the Avaya CPE to wait for AT&T IP Transfer Connect service to issue the BYE. However, in both cases Communication Manager sent the BYE without waiting for the network to issue one. No customer impact was found during testing due to this behavior.
- 3. **IP Transfer Connect services IP InfoPack** and **Landline/Mobility test cases could not be executed**. The AT&T supplied IP Transfer Connect test plan specifies test cases to verify the inbound transmission of INFOPAK and Landline/Mobility data by the IP Transfer Connect service. Due to network provisioning and lab support issues, these test cases could not be executed.

## 2.3. Support

AT&T customers may obtain support for the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service by calling (800) 325-5555.

Avaya customers may obtain documentation and support for Avaya products by visiting <u>http://support.avaya.com</u>. In the United States, (866) GO-AVAYA (866-462-8292) provides access to overall sales and service support menus.

# 3. Reference Configuration

Note – Documents used to provision the test environment are listed in Section 11. In the following sections, references to these documents are indicated by the notation [x], where x is the document reference number.

**Note** – These Application Notes are intended to supplement the separate document: *Application Notes for Avaya Aura*® *Communication Manager* 8.1, *Avaya Aura*® *Session Manager* 8.1, *Avaya Aura*® *Experience Portal* 7.2 *and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise* 8.0.1 *with AT&T IP Toll Free SIP Trunk Service* – *Issue* 1.0. This document is listed in **Section 11** as reference document [**15**]. It is recommended that this AT&T IP Toll Free service document should be available as a reference during provisioning of the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service.

The reference configuration used in these Application Notes is shown in **Figure 1** and consists of several components:

- Session Manager provides core SIP routing and integration services that enables communication between disparate SIP-enabled entities, e.g., PBXs, SIP proxies, gateways, adjuncts, trunks, applications, etc. across the enterprise. Avaya SIP endpoints register to Session Manager.
- System Manager provides a common administration interface for centralized management of all Session Manager instances in an enterprise.
- Communication Manager provides the voice communication services for a particular enterprise site. Avaya H.323 endpoints register to Communication Manager.
- An Avaya Media Gateway provides the physical interfaces and resources for Communication Manager. In the reference configuration, an Avaya G430 Media Gateway is used. This solution is extensible to other Avaya Media Gateways.
- Avaya Aura® Media Server provides additional media resources for Communication Manager.
- Experience Portal self-service applications allow callers to automatically obtain assistance or information without the immediate need for agent interaction..
- Avaya desk telephones are represented with Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphones (running H.323 and SIP firmware), J100 Series IP Deskphones using the SIP software bundle Avaya 9408 Digital Deskphones, as well as Avaya Equinox<sup>TM</sup> for Windows softphones.
- The Avaya SBCE provides SIP Session Border Controller (SBC) functionality, including address translation and SIP header manipulation between the IPTC service and the enterprise internal network.
- The IPTC service uses SIP over UDP to communicate with enterprise edge SIP devices, e.g., the Avaya SBCE. Session Manager may use SIP over UDP, TCP, or TLS to communicate with SIP network elements, e.g., the Avaya SBCE and Communication Manager. In the reference configuration, Session Manager uses SIP over TLS to communicate with other Avaya servers at the CPE over the local area network..
- Inbound calls were placed from PSTN via the IPTC service, through the Avaya SBCE to Session Manager. Session Manager used the configured dial patterns and routing policies to determine where to send the call (e.g., Communication Manager, Experience Portal).

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- Calls routed to Communication Manager were sent to the appropriate VDN/agent/phone extension, or redirected back to IPTC via 302 or Refer messages.
- Calls routed to Experience Portal were processed internally by the application, redirected to Communication Manager agents, or sent to PSTN alternate destinations via Refer messages back to IPTC, based on the caller's selections to the prompts

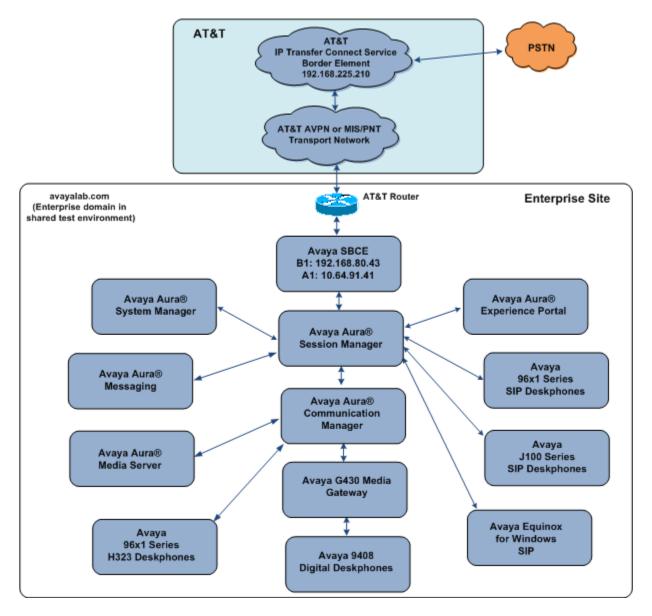


Figure 1: Reference configuration

## **3.1. Illustrative Configuration Information**

The specific values listed in **Table 1** below and in subsequent sections are used in the reference configuration described in these Application Notes and are for illustrative purposes only. Customers must obtain and use the specific values for their own configurations.

**Note** – The IPTC service Border Element IP address and DID/DNIS digits are shown in this document as examples. AT&T Customer Care will provide the actual IP addresses and DID/DNIS digits as part of the IPTC provisioning process. In addition, the dialed IPTC DID numbers may not be the same as the DNIS numbers that IPTC delivers in the SIP Request URIs. *The provisioning in the following sections is based on the DNIS digits that IPTC delivers, not the dialed DID numbers*.

Component	Illustrative Value in these		
	Application Notes		
Avaya Aura® System Manager			
IP Address	10.64.90.82		
Avaya Aura® Session Manager			
IP Address	10.64.91.81		
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager			
IP Address	10.64.91.75		
Communication Manager Dialplan	89xxx = Stations		
	2xxxx = Agents		
	71xxx = Agent skill queue VDNs		
Avaya Aura® Messaging			
IP Address	10.64.91.84		
Avaya Aura® Experience Portal			
IP Address	10.64.91.90		
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterpris	e (SBCE)		
IP Address of Inside (Private) Interface	10.64.91.41		
IP Address of Outside (Public) Interface	192.168.80.43		
	(see note below)		
AT&T IP Toll Free Border Element			
IP Address	192.168.225.210		

#### Table 1: Illustrative Values Used in these Application Notes

**Note** – The Avaya SBCE Outside interface communicates with AT&T Border Elements (BEs) located in the AT&T IP Transfer Connect network. For security reasons, the actual IP addresses of the Avaya SBCE and AT&T BE are not included in this document. However, as placeholders in the following configuration sections, the IP address of **192.168.80.43** (Avaya SBCE public interface), and **192.168.225.210** (AT&T BE IP address), are specified.

# 3.2. Call Flows – Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

To understand how inbound IPTC service calls are handled by Communication Manager, key basic call flows are described in this section. Note that for brevity, not all possible call flows are described.

## 3.2.1. Basic Inbound Call with no Network Call Redirection

The first call scenario illustrated in **Figure 2** is an inbound IPTC service call that arrives at the Avaya SBCE. IP address, domain, and header manipulations are applied and then forwarded to Session Manager and is subsequently routed to Communication Manager, which in turn routes the call to a vector, agent, or phone. Note that no redirection is performed in this scenario.

- 1. A PSTN phone originates a call via the IPTC service.
- 2. The PSTN routes the call to the IPTC service network.
- 3. The IPTC service routes the call to the Avaya SBCE.
- 4. The Avaya SBCE performs SIP Network Address Translation (NAT) and any necessary SIP header modifications and routes the call to Session Manager.
- 5. Session Manager applies any necessary SIP header adaptations and digit conversions, and based on configured Network Routing Policies, determines where the call should be routed next. In this case, Session Manager routes the call to Communication Manager.
- 6. Depending on the called number, Communication Manager routes the call to (a) a vector, which in turn, routes the call to an agent or phone, or (b) directly to an agent or phone.

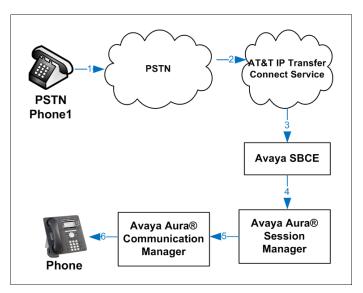


Figure 2: Inbound IPTC Call – No Redirection

## 3.2.2. 302 Call Redirection

**Note**: In the call scenarios that follow, the term "alternate destination" does NOT refer to the "Alternate Destination Routing (ADR)" service option of the AT&T IP Toll Free service. ADR and the IPTC service are unrelated.

The second call scenario illustrated in **Figure 3** is an inbound IPTC service call that arrives at the Avaya SBCE, is sent to Session Manager, and is subsequently routed to Communication Manager, which in turn routes the call to a vector. The vector immediately redirects the call back to the IPTC service for routing to an alternate destination.

- 1. Same as the first five steps from the first call scenario illustrated in Figure 2.
- 2. Communication Manager routes the call to a vector, which redirects the call by sending a SIP 302 message back out on the SIP trunk on which the inbound call arrived. The SIP 302 message is routed back through Session Manager and then the Avaya SBCE sends the call to the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service network. Since the SIP 302 message is a final response, the redirecting party (Communication Manager) is no longer involved in the call whether the redirection succeeds or fails, and thereby releases the trunk.
- 3. The IPTC service places a call to the alternate destination and upon answer, connects the calling party to the target party (alternate destination).

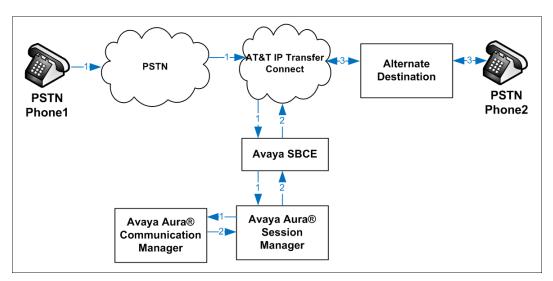


Figure 3: Inbound IPTC Call –SIP 302 Redirection

## 3.2.3. Refer Call Redirection

The third call scenario illustrated in **Figure 4** is an inbound IPTC service call that arrives on the Avaya SBCE, then is transferred to Session Manager and is subsequently routed to Communication Manager, which in turn routes the call to a vector. The vector answers the call and then redirects the call back to the IPTC service for routing to an alternate destination.

- 1. Same as the first five steps from the first call scenario illustrated in Figure 2.
- 2. Communication Manager routes the call to a vector, which answers the call and plays an announcement, and attempts to redirect the call by sending a SIP REFER message (without a *Replaces* header), back out on the SIP trunk on which the inbound call arrived. The SIP REFER message specifies the alternate destination and is routed back through Session Manager and then the Avaya SBCE sends the call to the IPTC service network.
- 3. The IPTC service places a call to the target party (alternate destination) and upon answer, connects the calling party to the target party.
- 4. The IPTC service clears the call on the redirecting/referring party (Communication Manager).

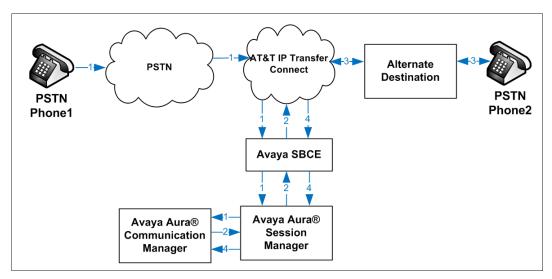


Figure 4: Inbound IPTC Call –SIP REFER Redirection

## 3.2.4. Refer Call Redirection – Error Handling

The fourth call scenario illustrated in **Figure 5** is similar to the fourth call scenario, except that the redirection is unsuccessful due to the alternate destination being busy or otherwise unavailable. As a result, Communication Manager "takes the call back" and routes the call to an agent/phone.

- 1. Same as the first five steps from the first call scenario illustrated in Figure 2.
- 2. Communication Manager routes the call to a vector, which answers the call and plays an announcement, and attempts to redirect the call by sending a SIP REFER message back out on the SIP trunk on which the inbound call arrived. The SIP REFER message specifies the alternate destination and is routed back through Session Manager and then the Avaya SBCE sends the call to the IPTC service network.
- 3. The IPTC service places a call to the target party (alternate destination), but the target party is busy or otherwise unavailable.
- 4. The IPTC service notifies the redirecting/referring party (Communication Manager) of the error condition, via NOTIFY message.
- 5. Communication Manager routes the call to a local agent or phone.

**Note:** This "error handling" scenario occurs only with IPTC service lines enabled with the IPTC Attended IP Courtesy Transfer feature.

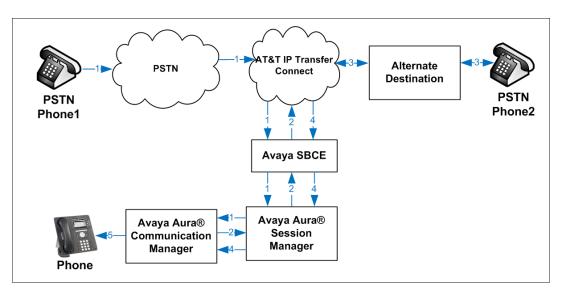


Figure 5: Inbound IPTC Call - Unsuccessful SIP REFER Redirection/Reroute.

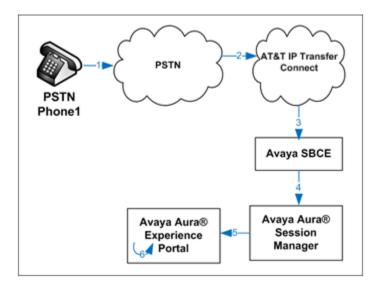
## 3.3. Call Flows – Avaya Aura® Experience Portal

To understand how inbound IPTC service calls are handled by Experience Portal, key call flows are summarized in this section. Note that for brevity, not all possible call flows are described.

## 3.3.1. Inbound Call handled by Avaya Aura® Experience Portal

The first call scenario illustrated below is an inbound call arriving and remaining on Experience Portal.

- 1. A PSTN phone originates a call via the IPTC service.
- 2. The PSTN routes the call to the IPTC service network.
- 3. The IPTC service routes the call to the Avaya SBCE.
- 4. The Avaya SBCE performs any necessary SIP header modifications and routes the call to Session Manager.
- 5. Session Manager applies any necessary SIP header adaptations and digit conversions, and based on configured Routing Policies, determines where the call should be routed next. In this case, Session Manager routes the call to Experience Portal.
- 6. Experience Portal matches the called party number to a VXML and/or CCXML application script, answers the call, and handles the call according to the directives specified in the application. In this scenario, the application sufficiently meets the caller's needs or requests, and thus the call does not need to be transferred to Communication Manager.



### Figure 6: Inbound Call Handling Entirely by Avaya Aura® Experience Portal

## 3.3.2. Inbound Call redirected to Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

The second call scenario illustrated below is an inbound call arriving on Experience Portal and transferred to Communication Manager without determining whether an agent is available or not.

- 1. Same as the first five steps from the first call scenario.
- 2. In this scenario, when the caller selects an option requesting an agent, Experience Portal redirects the call by sending a SIP REFER to the Avaya SBCE.
- 3. The Avaya SBCE sends a SIP INVITE to the Communication Manager (via Session Manager) for the selected skill. In addition, the Avaya SBCE places the inbound call on hold.
- 4. Communication Manager routes the call to the agent.
- 5. When the agent answers, the Avaya SBCE takes the call off hold and the caller is connected to the agent.

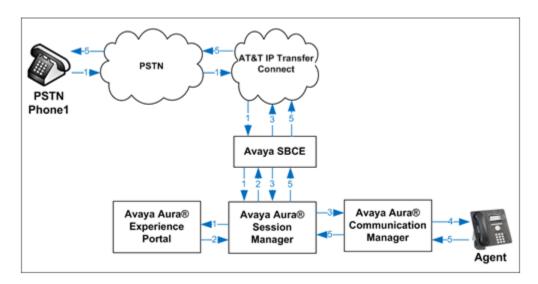


Figure 7: Avaya Aura® Experience Portal Transfers Call to Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

### 3.3.3. Inbound Call redirected to PSTN number

The third call scenario illustrated below is an inbound call arriving on Experience Portal and forwarded to an 8YY number or any other PSTN number over the IPTC network.

- 1. Same as the first six steps from the first call scenario.
- 2. In this scenario, the caller selects an option that indicates redirecting the call to another PSTN number. Experience Portal sends a SIP REFER message (without a *Replaces* header), back out on the SIP trunk on which the inbound call arrived.
- 3. The IPTC service places a call to the target party (alternate destination) and upon answer, connects the calling party to the target party.
- 4. The IPTC service clears the call on the redirecting/referring party (Experience Portal).

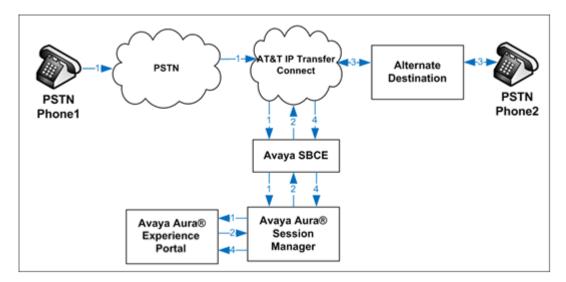


Figure 8: Inbound Call forwarded by Experience Portal to another PSTN number

# 4. Equipment and Software Validated

Equipment/Software	Release/Version
Avaya Aura® System Manager	8.1.1.0.0310504 (Feature Pack 1)
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	8.1.1.0.811021
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	8.1.1.0 (Feature Pack 1)
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise	8.0.1.0-10-17555
Avaya Aura® Experience Portal	7.2.3.0.0441
Avaya Aura® Media Server	8.0.2.61
Avaya Aura® Messaging	7.1.Service Pack 2
Avaya G430 Media Gateway	41.16.0
Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphone (H.323)	6.8202
Avaya 96x1 Series IP Deskphone (SIP)	7.1.7.0.11
Avaya J129 IP Deskphone	4.0.3.0.10
Avaya 9408 Digital Deskphone	20.06

### **Table 2: Equipment and Software Versions**

# 5. Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

Communication Manager administration for interaction with the AT&T IP Toll Free service is described in document [15] and is applicable for the IPTC service as well. This section describes the additional administration steps on Communication Manager necessary for supporting interaction with the IPTC service. The steps shown below are performed using the Communication Manager System Access Terminal (SAT) interface.

**Note** – In the following sections, only the **highlighted** parameters are applicable to these Application Notes. Other parameters shown should be considered informational.

## 5.1. System Parameters

This section reviews additional Communication Manager licenses and features that are required for supporting the interaction with the IPTC service.

Note - For any required features that cannot be enabled in the steps that follow, contact an authorized Avaya account representative to obtain the necessary licenses.

1. Enter the **display system-parameters customer-options** command. On **Page 5** of the **system-parameters customer-options** form, verify that the **ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection?** feature is set to "y".

display system-parameters customer-opti	-
OPTIONA	AL FEATURES
Emergency Access to Attendant? y Enable 'dadmin' Login? y	IP Stations? y
Enhanced Conferencing? y	ISDN Feature Plus? n
Enhanced EC500? y	ISDN/SIP Network Call Redirection? y
Enterprise Survivable Server? n	ISDN-BRI Trunks? y
Enterprise Wide Licensing? n	ISDN-PRI? y
ESS Administration? y	Local Survivable Processor? n
Extended Cvg/Fwd Admin? y	Malicious Call Trace? y
External Device Alarm Admin? y	Media Encryption Over IP? y
Five Port Networks Max Per MCC? n Flexible Billing? n	Mode Code for Centralized Voice Mail? n
Forced Entry of Account Codes? y	Multifrequency Signaling? y
Global Call Classification? y	Multimedia Call Handling (Basic)? y
Hospitality (Basic)? y	Multimedia Call Handling (Enhanced)? y
Hospitality (G3V3 Enhancements)? y	Multimedia IP SIP Trunking? y
IP Trunks? y	
IP Attendant Consoles? y (NOTE: You must logoff & login	to effect the permission changes.)

2. On **Page 7** of the **system-parameters customer-options** form, verify that the **ACD**, **EAS**, and **Vectoring** features are set to "**y**".

display system-parameters customer-op CALL CENTER	tionsPage7 of12OPTIONAL FEATURES
Call Center	Release: 8.0
ACD? BCMS (Basic)? BCMS/VuStats Service Level? BSR Local Treatment for IP & ISDN? Business Advocate? Call Work Codes? DTMF Feedback Signals For VRU? Dynamic Advocate? Expert Agent Selection (EAS)? EAS-PHD? Forced ACD Calls? Least Occupied Agent? Lookahead Interflow (LAI)? Multiple Call Handling (On Request)? Multiple Call Handling (Forced)? PASTE (Display PBX Data on Phone)? (NOTE: You must logoff & logi	y Service Level Maximizer? n y Service Observing (Basic)? y y Service Observing (Remote/By FAC)? y n Service Observing (VDNs)? y y Timed ACW? y y Vectoring (Basic)? y n Vectoring (G3V4 Enhanced)? y y Vectoring (3.0 Enhanced)? y y Vectoring (3.0 Enhanced)? y n Vectoring (G3V4 Advanced Routing)? y y Vectoring (CINFO)? y y Vectoring (Best Service Routing)? y y Vectoring (Holidays)? y

## 5.2. Trunks

This section describes the steps for modifying the SIP trunk to Session Manager to support the interaction with the IPTC service.

- 1. Enter the **change trunk-group x** command, where **x** is the number of the trunk group administered in document **[15]** for inbound AT&T IP Toll Free service calls (e.g., trunk group 4). On **Page 4** of the **trunk-group** form, set **Network Call Redirection** to **y**.
- 2. Note whether the setting for **Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media?** is **n** (default) or **y**. The value defined may alter the Refer NOTIFY response behavior (see **Section 2.2**, item **2**).

```
change trunk-group 4
                                                                       4 of 21
                                                                Page
                              PROTOCOL VARIATIONS
                                       Mark Users as Phone? n
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number? n
                      Send Transferring Party Information? n
                                 Network Call Redirection? y
         Build Refer-To URI of REFER From Contact For NCR? n
                                    Send Diversion Header? n
                                   Support Request History? y
                              Telephone Event Payload Type: 100
                                       Shuffling with SDP? n
                        Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? n
                 Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? n
                        Identity for Calling Party Display: P-Asserted-Identity
            Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE? n
                 Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination? n
                                              Enable Q-SIP? n
          Interworking of ISDN Clearing with In-Band Tones: keep-channel-active
                               Request URI Contents: may-have-extra-digits
```

## 5.3. Inbound Call Routing

This section describes the steps for routing inbound IPTC service calls to reach Vector Directory Numbers (VDNs) with corresponding programmable vectors. These vectors contain steps that were used to invoke Communication Managers SIP Network Call Redirection (NCR) functionality.

Two different inbound call routing scenarios are described in these Application Notes:

- Pre-Answer Redirection An inbound IPTC service call that invokes SIP NCR (using a SIP 302 message) prior to the call being answered.
- Post-Answer Redirection An inbound IPTC service call that invokes SIP NCR (using a SIP REFER message) after the call has been answered by a vector and an announcement is played to the caller.

**Note** - These Application Notes provide rudimentary vector definitions to demonstrate and test the Communication Manager NCR and UUI functionalities. More complex vector functionality would be used by call centers that is tailored to their individual needs.

### 5.3.1. Pre-Answer Redirection - 302

This section provides an example of Pre-Answer Redirection. In this example, the inbound call is routed to the VDN shown in **Figure 7**, which invokes the vector shown in **Figure 8**. Note that the vector does not specify ring back (see **Section 2.2**, **item 1**). The vector does the following:

- 1. Assigns the data "1234567890123456" to ASAI UUI variable "A" (vector step 02). Note: The parameters for ASAI UUI variables "A" and "B", and other vector variables are defined using the change variables command (see Figure 6).
- Redirects the call to the number "11041" (vector step 04). Note that since this vector did not answer the call, the presence of the "~r" in the "route-to number" line instructs Communication Manager to send a SIP 302 message with the number "11041" in the user part of the Contact header URI, (e.g., 11041@<IP/domain>), to the IPTC service (via Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE).

change variables	Page 1 of 39 VARIABLES FOR VECTORS
Var Description	Type Scope Length Start Assignment VAC
A uui	asaiuui L 16 1
B uui	asaiuui L 10 17
C ani	ani L 16 1

#### **Figure 6: Change Variables Form**

display vdn 71043 VECTOR DIREC	CTORY NUMBER	Page	1 of	3
Destination: Attendant Vectoring? Meet-me Conferencing? Allow VDN Override? COR: TN*:	302 RedirectVector Number3nn111			
Measured: VDN of Origin Annc. Extension*: 1st Skill*: 2nd Skill*: 3rd Skill*:	none			

#### Figure 7: Sample VDN for Pre-Answer Redirection

display vector 3Page 1 of 6Number: 3Name: 302 movedNultimedia? nAttendant Vectoring? nMultimedia? nAttendant Vectoring? nBasic? yEAS? yG3V4 Enhanced? yANI/II-Digits? yPrompting? yLAI? yLAI? yG3V4 Adv Route? yCINFO? yBSR? yHolidays? yVariables? y3.0 Enhanced? y01 #Sets UUI to ANI of caller02 setAa= noneCATR123456789012345603 #Redirect to Speed Dial Number 1104104 route-tonumber ~r11041with cov n if unconditionally05 stop

Figure 8: Sample Vector for Pre-Answer Redirection (302)

### 5.3.2. Post-Answer Redirection - Refer

This section provides an example of Post-Answer Redirection. In this example, the inbound call is routed to the VDN shown in **Figure 9**, which invokes the vector shown in **Figure 10**. The vector does the following:

- 1. Assigns the data "1234567890123456" to ASAI UUI variable "A" (vector steps 02). Note: The parameters for UUI variable "A" and other vector variables are defined using the change variables command (see Figure 6).
- 2. Answers the call to play an announcement (vector step **05**).
- 3. Attempts to redirect the call to the number "11041" (vector step 08). Note that since this vector answered the call, the presence of the "~r" in the "route-to number" line instructs Communication Manager to send a SIP REFER message with the number "11041" in the user part of the Refer-To header URI, (e.g., 11041@<IP/domain>) to the IPTC service (via Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE).

display vdn 71044				Page	1 of	3
VECTOR DIRE	CTORY NU	JMBER		-		
Extension: Name*:						
Destination:		Number	8			
Attendant Vectoring?						
Meet-me Conferencing?	n					
Allow VDN Override?	n					
COR:	1					
TN*:	1					
Measured:	none					
VDN of Origin Annc. Extension*:						
1st Skill*:						
2nd Skill*:						
3rd Skill*:						
JIG DAIII .						
* Follows VDN Override Rules						

#### Figure 9: Sample VDN for Post-Answer Redirection

```
display vector 8
                                                                  Page 1 of 6
                                   CALL VECTOR
Number: 8Name: REFER w/UUIMultimedia? nAttendant Vectoring? nMeet-me Conf? n
                                                                         Lock? n
 Basic? y EAS? y G3V4 Enhanced? y ANI/II-Digits? y ASAI Routing? y
Prompting? y LAI? y G3V4 Adv Route? y CINFO? y BSR? y Holidays? y
 Variables? y 3.0 Enhanced? y
01 # Create UUI
        A
                      = none CATR 1234567890123456
02 set
03
04 # Play Refer announcement
05 announcement 11006
06
07 # Refer occurs since this is post answer
08 route-to number ~r11041 with cov n if unconditionally
09 # If Refer fails play announcement and disconnect
10 disconnect after announcement 11003
11
```

Figure 10: Sample Vector for Post-Answer Redirection (Refer)

# 6. Avaya Aura® Session Manager

Session Manager administration for interaction with the AT&T IP Toll Free service is described in document [15] and is applicable for the IPTC service as well. This section describes the additional administration steps on Session Manager necessary for supporting interaction with the IPTC service.

# 6.1. Dial Patterns

Provision additional IPTC service DNIS numbers (digits delivered in the Request URIs of inbound IPTC INVITEs), so they can be converted to Communication Manager VDN, Agent, or station extensions, or to be routed to Experience Portal. Follow the procedures described in **Section 6.9** of document [15].

# 7. Avaya Aura® Experience Portal

Experience Portal administration for interaction with the AT&T IP Toll Free service is described in document [15] and is applicable for the IPTC service as well.

# 8. Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Avaya SBCE configuration for interaction with the AT&T IP Toll Free service provided in document **[15]** should also be followed for interoperability with the IPTC service.

# 9. Verification Steps

## 9.1. Call Verification

The call verification steps and troubleshooting tools described for the AT&T Toll Free service described in document **[15]**, also apply to the IPTC service. In addition:

- 1. Place an inbound call to an IPTC service line enabled with Redirect features. Verify that an appropriate Communication Manager vector immediately redirects the call back to the IPTC service for delivery to an alternate destination using 302. Verify two-way talk path and transmission of UUI information as appropriate.
- 2. Place an inbound call to an IPTC service number enabled with Refer features. Verify that an appropriate Communication Manager vector answers the call and then redirects the call back to the IPTC service for delivery to an alternate destination using Refer. Verify two-way talk path and transmission of UUI information as appropriate.

## 9.2. Protocol Traces

Use a SIP protocol analyzer (e.g., Wireshark), to monitor the SIP traffic at the locations specified below.

### 9.2.1. 302 Redirection

Monitor the SIP traffic at the Avaya SBCE public "outside" interface connection to the IPTC service. Below is an example of a 302-redirection call filtering on the SIP protocol. Note the following:

- The Contact header contains the new called number (11041) as defined in vector 3 (see **Section 5.3.1**).
- The User-to-User Information (UUI) defined in vector 3.
- 180 Ringing is not sent prior to the 302 (see Sections 2.2, Item 1 and Section 5.3.1).

	Apply a display filter <0	Ctrl-/>			Expression	+
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	ol Length Info	^
-	1 0.000000	192.168.225.210	192.168.80.43	SIP/SDP	DP 1084 Request: INVITE sip:0000041044@192.168.80.43:5060	
	2 0.002232	192.168.80.43	192.168.225.210	SIP	338 Status: 100 Trying	
Г	3 0.025614	192.168.80.43	192.168.225.210	SIP	652 Status: 302 Moved Temporarily	
	4 0.090389	192.168.225.210	192.168.80.43	SIP	411 Request: ACK sip:0000041044@192.168.80.43:5060	v
			, 652 bytes captured			
					P_cd:60:2a (68:b5:99:cd:60:2a)	
1222		the second s	68.80.43, Dst: 192.16	8.225.210	0	
		tocol, Src Port: 5060	, Dst Port: 5060			
Y	Session Initiation					
	> Status-Line: SI	[P/2.0 302 Moved Temp	prarily			
	✓ Message Header					
	> From: <sip:7< td=""><td>7863310799@ 192.168.225</td><td>.210&gt;;tag=75472537689</td><td>41422_c3b0</td><td>3b07.2.1.1573504027237.0_2_5</td><td></td></sip:7<>	7863310799@ 192.168.225	.210>;tag=75472537689	41422_c3b0	3b07.2.1.1573504027237.0_2_5	
	> To: <sip:888< td=""><td>34575819@192.168.80.43</td><td>;tag=7258cf662741ea87</td><td>610c293c6c</td><td>c6c7</td><td></td></sip:888<>	34575819@192.168.80.43	;tag=7258cf662741ea87	610c293c6c	c6c7	
	> CSeq: 2 INVI	ITE				
	Call-ID: 834	4185144870361@c3b07_2	2_1			
	[Generated C	all-ID: 8344185144870	361@c3b07_2_1]			
	> Contact: <si< td=""><td>ip:11041@avayalab.com</td><td>asm=1?User-to-User=04</td><td>3132333435</td><td>4353637383930313233343536%3Bencoding%3Dhex&gt;</td><td></td></si<>	ip:11041@avayalab.com	asm=1?User-to-User=04	3132333435	4353637383930313233343536%3Bencoding%3Dhex>	
	> Record-Route	e: <sip:192.168.80.43:5< td=""><td>060;ipcs-line=818452;</td><td>lr;transpo</td><td>sport=udp&gt;</td><td></td></sip:192.168.80.43:5<>	060;ipcs-line=818452;	lr;transpo	sport=udp>	
	> Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.225.210;5060;branch=z9h64bK0k0k4730dohk76cm7v70.1					
	Server: Avay	a CM/R018x.01.0.890.0	AVAYA-SM-8.1.0.0.810	007		
	> Av-Secure-In	dication: unsecured				
	Content-Leng	gth: 0				
		- research and the				

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### 9.2.2. Refer Redirection

The following is an example of a Refer redirection call filtering on the SIP protocol. Note the following:

- After the initial INVITE from IPTC, Communication Manager sends 180 Ringing (see Sections 2.2, Item 2 and Section 5.2).
- The Refer-To header (shown at the bottom of the screen shot) specifies the new called number (11041) as defined in vector 8 (see **Section 5.3.2**). Also note the UUI information also defined on vector 8.
- Communication Manager sends a BYE to IPTC terminate the initial call leg.

Wireshark · Call Flow · 5107-IPXC-CM81SM81-SBCE801.pcap						
" 192.168.225.210 Comment						
		192.168 INVITE SDP (g729 g711U G726-32 tel.				
0.000000				SIP INVITE From: <sip:7863310799@< td=""></sip:7863310799@<>		
0.002163	5060	100 Trying	5060	SIP Status 100 Trying		
0.014002	5060	180 Ringing SDP (g729 telephone-event)	5060	SIP Status 180 Ringing		
0.014812	5060	200 OK SDP (g729 telephone-event)	5060	SIP Status 200 OK		
0.071983	22690	RTP (g729)	17172	RTP, 200 packets. Duration: 3.979s SSI		
0.120058	22690	RTP (g729)	17172	RTP, 198 packets. Duration: 3.940s SSI		
0.202470	5060	ACK	5060	SIP Request INVITE ACK 200 CSeq:2		
3.978247	5060	REFER	5060	SIP REFER From: <sip:7863310799@2< td=""></sip:7863310799@2<>		
4.058826	5060	202 ACCEPTED	5060	SIP Status 202 ACCEPTED		
4.067631	5060	INVITE SDP (g729 g711U G726-32 tel.	5060	SIP INVITE From: <sip:7863310799@< td=""></sip:7863310799@<>		
4.069074	5060	a 100 Trying	5060	SIP Status 100 Trying		
4.070948	5060	NOTIFY	5060	SIP NOTIFY From: <sip:7863310799@< td=""></sip:7863310799@<>		
4.071757	22690	RTP (g729)	17172	RTP, 13 packets. Duration: 0.240s SSR		
4.073429	5060	491 Request Pending	5060	SIP Status 491 Request Pending		
4.113624	5060	200 OK	5060	SIP Status 200 OK		
4.137433	5060	АСК	5060	SIP Request INVITE ACK 200 CSeq:3		
4.202698	5060	INVITE SDP (g729 g711U G726-32 tel	5060	SIP INVITE From: <sip:7863310799@< td=""></sip:7863310799@<>		
4.204510	5060	100 Trying	5060	SIP Status 100 Trying		
4.232399	5060	180 Ringing SDP (g729 telephone-event)	5060	SIP Status 180 Ringing		
4.273932	22692	RTP (g729)	17174	RTP, 736 packets. Duration: 14.709s SS		
4.316785	5060	NOTIFY	5060	SIP NOTIFY From: <sip:7863310799@< td=""></sip:7863310799@<>		
4.320097	22692	RTP (g729)	17174	RTP, 486 packets. Duration: 9.699s SSI		
4.322273	5060	200 OK	5060	SIP Status 200 OK		
4.323110	5060	BYE	5060	SIP Request BYE CSeq:2		
4.395242	5060	200 OK	5060	SIP Status 200 OK		
<	5000 -		3000	SIP Status 200 OK		
Session	Initiation	Protocol (REFER)				
		FER sip: 192.168.225.210:5	060;asm=1 SIP/2.0			
	age Header					
> F	rom: <sip:88< td=""><td>84575819@192.168.80.43&gt;;ta</td><td>g=13ecdd5265641eaa9640c293c6c7</td><td></td></sip:88<>	84575819@192.168.80.43>;ta	g=13ecdd5265641eaa9640c293c6c7			
> T	o: <sip:7863< td=""><td>310799@ 192.168.225.210&gt;;t</td><td>ag=3876791223309338_c3b07.2.2.1573504027279.0_4</td><td>_13</td></sip:7863<>	310799@ 192.168.225.210>;t	ag=3876791223309338_c3b07.2.2.1573504027279.0_4	_13		
> 0	Seq: 1 REFER					
		852550294854@c3b07_2_2				
[Generated Call-ID: 7037852550294854@c3b07_2_2]						
Contact: "ATT-TC" <sip:192.168.80.43:5060;asm=1> Record Route: cip:102.168.80.43:5060;asm=1&gt;</sip:192.168.80.43:5060;asm=1>						
> Record-Route: <sip:192.168.80.43:5060;ipcs-line=821496;lr;transport=udp> Allow: INVITE, ACK, BYE, CANCEL, REFER, INFO, PRACK, UPDATE</sip:192.168.80.43:5060;ipcs-line=821496;lr;transport=udp>						
Supported: histinfo, join, replaces, timer						
	User-Agent: Avaya CM/R018x.01.0.890.0 AVAYA-SM-8.1.0.0.810007					
	Max-Forwards: 66					
> Via: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.80.43:5060;branch=z9h64bK-s1632-001257695881-1s1632-						
Refer-To: <sip:11041@ 192.168.225.210:5060?user-to-user="0431323334353637383930313233343536%3Bencoding%3Dhex"></sip:11041@>						
> P-Asserted-Identity: "ATT-TC" <sip:8884575819@192.168.80.43></sip:8884575819@192.168.80.43>						
> Av-Secure-Indication: unsecured						
0	Content-Length: 0					

# 10. Conclusion

As illustrated in these Application Notes, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 7.2 and the Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0.1 can be configured to interoperate successfully with the AT&T IP Transfer Connect service.

In addition, these Application Notes further demonstrate that the Avaya Aura® Communication Manager SIP Network Call Redirection (NCR) and User-to-User Information (UUI) features can work in complement with the AT&T implementations of SIP NCR and UUI to support call redirection over SIP trunks while preserving initiating caller information. The transmission of Multipart headers was also confirmed.

This solution provides contact center users of Avaya Aura® Communication Manager the ability to redirect inbound AT&T IP Transfer Connect service calls to alternate destinations (using Refer and 302 redirection), and deliver UUI-encoded customer information to those alternate destinations for the purposes of invoking contact center applications, e.g., triggering agent screen pop-ups with caller information, etc. Both intra-site and IP Transfer Connect call scenarios were tested.

The sample configuration shown in these Application Notes is representative of a basic enterprise customer configuration and is intended to provide configuration guidance to supplement other Avaya product documentation. It is based upon formal interoperability compliance testing as part of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program.

# 11. References

#### Avaya Aura® Session Manager/System Manager

- [1] Deploying Avaya Aura® Session Manager and Branch Session Manager in Virtualized Environment, Release 8.1, Issue 1, June 2019
- [2] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 8.1, Issue 1, June 2019
- [3] Deploying Avaya Aura® System Manager *in Virtualized Environment*, Release 8.1.x, Issue 2, July 2019
- [4] Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager for Release 8.1, Release 8.1.x, Issue 3, July 2019

#### Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

- [5] *Deploying Avaya Aura*® *Communication Manager in Virtualized Environment*, Release 8.1.x, Issue 2, August 2019
- [6] Administering Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Release 8.1.x, Issue 3, August 2019
- [7] Administering Avaya G430 Branch Gateway, Release 8.1.x, Issue 1, June 2019
- [8] Deploying and Updating Avaya Aura® Media Server Appliance, Release 8.0.x, Issue 7, June 2019
- [9] Quick Start Guide to Using the Avaya Aura® Media Server with Avaya Aura® Communication Manager, Issue 1.1, June 2018
- [10] Programming Call Vectors in Avaya Aura® Call Center, 6.0, June 2010

#### Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

- [11] Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 8.0.x, Issue 4, August 2019
- [12] Deploying Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise in Virtualized Environment Release 8.0.x, Issue 3, August 2019

#### Avaya Aura® Experience Portal

- [13] Administering Avaya Aura® Experience Portal, Release 7.2.3, Issue 1, September 2019
- [14] *Implementing Avaya Aura*® *Experience Portal on a single server*, Release 7.2.3, Issue 1, September 2019

#### **Avaya Application Notes**

[15] Application Notes for Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 8.1, Avaya Aura® Experience Portal 7.2 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 8.0.1 with AT&T IP Toll Free SIP Trunk Service – Issue 1.0

#### AT&T IP Transfer Connect Service:

The AT&T Transfer Connect service is part of the AT&T IP Toll Free offer.

• AT&T IP Toll Free Service description: <u>https://www.business.att.com/products/ip-toll-free.html</u>

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